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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1866.

MAIL GLEANINGS.

THE American Sunday School Union missionaries are now holding a convention in Chicago. The proceeding are very interesting. Rev. J. M. M'Cullough, of Kentucky, delivered a highly interesting address upon the subject of the work in the South, and thus summed up the work of himself and his co-laborers: They had established 4,310 Sunday Schools, with 51,000 teachers and 258,000 scholars, and had visited and aided 5,103 other Sunday Schools, with 57,671 scholars. The total result accomplished was 9,410 Sunday Schools, with 68,670 teachers, and 573,334 scholars; 25,000 Bibles and Testaments distributed; 894,000 volumes books distributed, and 135 churches established.

COLLECTOR W. F. JOHNSTON (formerly of Pittsburgh) of Philadelphia always had a hankering after the soldiers. He delighted to talk to the brave volunteers and was conspicuous in his little harangues against Southern traitors and Northern Copperheads. He has not forgotten the one nor the other. He is opposed to working poor helpless, maimed soldiers and relieves them from duty in his office while he makes rough, able-bodied Copperheads do the work. In other words, Mr. Johnston last week turned out a number of worthy crippled soldiers to make room for notorious democratic ward politicians.

A NEW confidence game has been introduced by the black-legs of Chicago. A sharper produces a padlock and tells a verdant that he cannot unlock it. Verdant tries and opens it easily. Sharper again takes lock, adroitly substitutes another, and returning to stranger offers to bet him any odds that he cannot open it, and neither he can. Three thieves swindled a stranger in this manner out of his gold watch, and were arrested. Among their baggage were discovered all the tools and implements of professional burglars.

A YOUNG man named William D. Young was arrested last week in Detroit on a charge of murdering Lieut. Williams, near Cincinnati, two years ago. The deceased was murdered, robbed of his watch and money and thrown from a four story window of the barracks. The murder was very mysterious, but circumstances point to Young as the guilty party. He was arrested at the time but was discharged for want of evidence, which has since been obtained.

THE Nashville Railroad robbers who robbed and burned the southward bound passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, have been arrested. Harry King, who was with the band at the time of the robbery but who fled and would not participate in the dark deed, was cruelly murdered by his companions in crime, fearing he would give information to the authorities. Seven have been captured, four, two negroes and two whites, escaping. The death penalty is not severe enough punishment for such villains.

THE Cincinnati Council has just done a noble act. An old lady in indigent circumstances, named Maria Stahl, petitioned that body to grant her a donation, as she was in want, and inasmuch as a large property she had once owned slipped out of her hands into the possession of the city for a trifling sum, she presumed upon her claims of charity from the corporation. They voted her $500 as a donation.

THE Philadelphians claim to have invented a method of converting sand into beautiful stone for building purposes, which rivals the old Roman concretes which withstood the action of twenty centuries. It is very cheap, and if all that is said regarding it be true, we may look for a revolution in building material.

LEWIS RUBER, not having the fear of the Lord or the congregation of the Fifth Baptist church of Philadelphia before his eyes, entered the house of God and stole away the carpetings. He was discovered in the act and was held in $3,000 to answer the charge at Court.

A VAGRANT WOMAN has been arrested in Philadelphia for stealing a little girl away from her parents. She coaxed the child to follow her and refused to let her return to her home. She only kept the girl twenty-four hours till the police secured her arrest.

LOUISVILLE, Chicago and other cities west and south of Pittsburgh are suffering terribly from the depredation of burglars. Thanks to the energy of our municipal authorities this city enjoys perfect freedom from the midnight depredators.

A JOURNEYMAN SHOEMAKER'S ASSOCIATION, with a joint stock capital to prepare for pecuniary contingencies, is about being organized in New York. Hundreds of this branch of mechanics are now out of work there owing to a depression in the shoe market.

TWO YOUNG BUCKS, aged respectively seventy and seventy-five years, are to run a foot race in Indianapolis. Men of such age should be tired of the human race, and, instead of sporting, should be making preparation for running into the grave.

A WONDERFUL case of conscience has been discovered in Milwaukee. A lawyer borrowed a book thirteen years ago from an editor, and returned it last week. When lawyers make restitution there is hope for the country.

FOUR HUNDRED emigrants from the South passed through Baltimore on their way west last week. Their fortunes were ruined by the war, and they now go to Kansas to establish a colony.

THE city authorities of Louisville have purchased, for $11,400, seventy acres of ground to establish a poor man's cemetery —where all poor persons will be buried free of charge.

MARY REINECK, who was burned by her clothes taking fire from a bonfire kindled on the streets of Philadelphia, died from her injuries. She was a bright little girl six years of age.

A WOMAN in Detroit became her own banker and hid $200 in a rag bag. Forgetting of her deposit she sold the bag, rags and all and lost her money.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE will preside at the Pennsylvania Freedmen's Commission Branch, which holds a meeting on Thursday next at Philadelphia.

INSPECTOR DANIEL CARPENTER, an efficient officer of the New York Metropolitan police died suddenly last week.

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Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 279. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

PENNSYLVANIA. SS:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of said Commonwealth.

L. S. } A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It has been the good and worthy custom of the Commonwealth to set apart, annually, a day for the special acknowledgment of the goodness of the Almighty and for expressing by the whole people, at one time, and with a common voice, the THANKS and PRAISE which throughout the year are springing from the hearts of men, therefore,

I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do by this my proclamation, recommend that the good people of the commonwealth observe

Thursday, 29th day November, 1866,

As a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer, and do then assemble in their respective Churches and places of worship and make their humble thank offering to ALMIGHTY GOD for all His blessings during the past year.

For the abundant gathered fruits of the earth;

For the thus far continued activity of industry;

For the general preservation of health;

And especially for that to His DIVINE MERCY He hath stayed the threatened pestilence.

And moreover that they do beseech Him to continue unto us all His blessings, and to confirm the hearts of the people of these united States, that by the better exercise of their will, deeds of good Justice, Wisdom and Mercy may be done.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this 19th day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1866, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-first.

BY THE GOVERNOR:

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A Wholesome Change.

For the last two or three years the American people have been imposed upon by numerous trashy compounds known as bitters, purporting to cure all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs, when in fact they do more harm than good, but we are glad to say they are rapidly going out of use, and their place is being supplied by the English and Scotch Ales and Porter, articles that have long been considered by physicians the most excellent tonics, stimulating the system and digestive organs in a proper and healthful manner. The enterprising firm of McClarran & McKennan, we notice, were the first to call the attention of the public to the above fact, and have sold immense quantities of the finest English and Scotch brands, and the trade is rapidly on the increase. No. 85 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fifth street, can be considered headquarters for these goods.

We Would Suggest

To any of our readers who may wish to provide themselves, for cases of emergency, with a bottle of good Whisky, that Fleming, Druggist, No. 84 Market street, has a lot of Rye Whisky, manufactured expressly for him, by Thomas Bell, about five years ago, which, for excellency has, we think, not its equal in the city. It is a pure article. We speak knowingly.

Speedy Relief

Will be experienced by using the Cough Candy manufactured and sold by George Beaven, 112 Federal street, Allegheny City.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

All Goods

Riveted Curls, a great advantage, and only properly done at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Warranted,

All work sold at the celebrated Opera House Shoe Store.

Gentlemanly

And obliging clerks in attendance at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Greatest

Assortment in the city at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Best Goods

In the city at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Lowest Prices

In the city at the Opera House Shoe Store.

More New Goods

At the Opera House Shoe Store.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

TELEGRAMS.

[By the Merchants' National Telegraph Co.]

From Oil City.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

OIL CITY, Nov. 19, 1866.

River four feet eight inches, and falling slowly. Weather rainy. Oil market dull. K.

From Franklin.

FRANKLIN, PA., November 19, 1866.

Water at Oleopolis, five feet and falling slowly; at Franklin, five feet; at Oil City, four feet eight inches and falling slowly; raining.

FOREIGN ADVICES BY THE CABLE.

Illness of the Princess Dagmar—Famine in India Abating—Threatened Outbreak in Spain—Death of Don Miguel.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 18.—Russian festivities have been suddenly stopped on account of the serious illness of the Princess Dagmar.

LONDON, November 18.—Telegraphic dispatches from Bombay report the famine in India abating.

MADRID, November 18.—The Government of Spain is taking strong measures to prevent a threatened outbreak.

Don Miguel is dead.

FROM CANADA.

Thirty-nine Fenian Prisoners Released —The Enthusiasm at Their Liberation —Verdict.

TORONTO, C. W., November 19.—On Saturday night thirty-nine Fenian prisoners, confined in the old jail, were released from custody. Their discharge was conducted with great secrecy; it was only about an hour before their being sent away, that the prisoners themselves were made aware of the joyous tidings. They were furnished transportation by the Government to the suspension bridge, and a special train was provided by the Great Western Railway. This drew up to the rear of the jail, at ten o'clock, and the men were safely lodged on board, in charge of a guard of twenty men, with a corporal and sergeant, under the command of Lieutenant Harrison, of the 19th regiment.

The prisoners received a good supper at the station before starting, and each was presented with a five dollar bill, greenback. On reaching the line the Fenians bade good bye to their escort, giving three hearty cheers for the Sheriff, the Governor of the jail and the officials.

The jury in the case of Weeks killed by accident on the Grand Trunk railway, on Friday, returned a verdict that deceased, Weeks, came to his death by the train running off the track near Brenton station, on the 16th inst., caused by a broken rail. We further find and are of the opinion that no blame rests on the company in this case.

The Reform Question in England—John Bright's Mission to Ireland.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The London *Post*, of the 9th instant contains the following: The Reform question is again claiming consideration, and it remains to be seen if the mission which Mr. Bright has fulfilled in Ireland will serve to impede its resolutions. Be that however as it may, the Irish people cannot but be sensible that the influence which they are urged to extend to the cause which Mr. Bright is leading, should be husbanded and guarded in their own interest and not lightly exchanged for a political promise which, as they will not fail to perceive, has yet to be endorsed by responsible statesmen.

The St. Louis Election—Frank P. Blair Defeated.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—C. H. Branscomet has been declared elected to the legislature over Frank P. Blair, the vote cast after mandown being decided legal by the Attorney General of the State. This decision also elects S. D. Ridgely, radical, to the State Senate and increased General Files majority. Branscomet and Ridgely have received certificates from the County Clerk.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

Arrival of the Tallapoosa—An Expedition for the Re-Capture of Tampico—A Proclamation from Parer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The Navy Department has received information of the arrival of the Tallapoosa at Galveston, from off Tampico.

No foreign vessels of war were off the river or in any part of Tampico on the 29th of October, and only one American vessel was in the harbor of Tampico, which is at present in command of Colonel Gomez, with a force of eight hundred men, controlling the customs and enforcing the payment of loans. The authorities of the capital of the State do not recognize those of Tampico, and their guerrillas seize all goods found en route for the interior markets dispatched from the Tampico Custom House.

By letters from San Luis Potosi it is ascertained that Mejia and Duparre were to leave that place in the early part of November with an expeditionary force for the recapture of Tampico. General Parer, who has a force of fifteen hundred or two thousand men in the Houstica, and is now holding Tampico, has issued a proclamation declaring Puebla Viejo open to foreign commerce, which, it is feared, will lead to open hostilities between the forces under his command and those under Colonel Gomez. Under this state of affairs the Mexican Gulf coast presents a constant dread of the most serious disorders and the instability of the indiscriminate plunder of the town.

Further from Mexico—Attack on Matamoras—Death of General Tapia—Arrival of Escabado.

GALVESTON, Nov. 19, via NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 19.—A special to the New York-Brownsville courier of the 11th reports a spirited attack on Matamoras on the 9th. The skirmishing lasted several hours, the assaulting party, under Taplin, gaining the advantage, but, distrusting Cortinas, he did not follow up his success. His defenders lost twenty prisoners, and Colonel Riaz, their commander, was arrested for bad conduct on the night of the 9th. On the 10th, Tapia died of cholera. This event will change the current of events. The arrival of Escabado is reported.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Internal Revenue Seizures—An Attempt to Sell the Inspectors—The Fenians and the President's Future Policy.

NEW YORK, November 19.—Large crowds are collected at the Collector's office to-day to learn what proceedings had been taken in regard to the recent seizures of several distilleries, and the arrest of some of the operators, from information at the United States Commissioners' office, Mr. Tilden, United States Inspector, and Mr. John Devlin, the operator, were arrested by Deputy Marshal Higgins. The accused were brought before Commissioner Shields, New Hampshire; Messrs. Hayrenmeyer, New York; Lee Claflin, Massachusetts; Senator Pomeroy, Kansas; R. M. Pomeroy, Boston; E. H. Nichols, New York; and a large number of the leading railroad men of the country. The press of New York, Boston and Chicago are also represented. The party numbers about three hundred, including ladies.

Garibaldi Endorses the Carbine.

NEW YORK, November 19.—Garibaldi has written the following letter to M. Lorigiola, who had communicated to him a plan for a rifle meeting at Padua:

My Dear Larigiola —Bravo! I compliment you, and wish you every success in the realization of your plan. The people should be made to understand once for all that the carbine ought to be the gospel of the nation, and that only when well exercised in the use of that arm, will they be able to say proudly, we are Italians. Continue, and I will aid you with all my power. Entirely yours,

G. GARIBALDI.

Emigration of Freedmen to Liberia.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The *Times'* correspondent gives some account of a party of two hundred and seventy freedmen, including their families, who have left Columbia, South Carolina, to embark on the ship Golconda for Liberia. They are to be accompanied by Miss Gregg, sister of the Confederate general Maxy Gregg, who has long wished to undertake a missionary enterprise to Africa. A second expedition is talked of for next spring. Similar agitation is reported at Columbus, Georgia.

U. S. Troops for the Mexican Frontier—General Ortega at Brazos—Heavy Rains.

GALVESTON, (TEXAS,) NOV. 19.—Ortego and his party remain at Brazos. They are guests of the commander of the federal United States troops. Ortega signified his intention not to return to New Orleans.

Heavy rains have delayed the inland locomotion party for several days back.

Fifteen hundred Federal troops are expected on the Mexican frontier soon.

The Charleston Mercury Revived—The Theory of State Rights Dead.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—The Charleston *Mercury* was issued this morning for the first time since February, 1865. It admits, editorially, that the war annihilated the theory of state rights, and proposes to devote itself in future to the development of Southern interests.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

BY THE CABLE.

Arrival of Fenians in Ireland—Reform Demonstrations at Edinburg—Mediation in the Chilian-Spanish War Accepted—Fighting Renewed in Candia—Great Floods—Many Lives Lost—London and Liverpool Markets.

LONDON, November 19.—*Evening*—It is said that the government is alive to the fact that large numbers of Fenians have been arriving in Ireland weekly, and is well prepared to meet any rebellious movement.

The reform demonstration in Edinburg on Saturday was a large and imposing one.

BERLIN, NOV. 19.—It is positively stated that Bismarck will soon resume the active duties of his office.

FLORENCE, November 19.—Baron Ricasoli, Prime Minister of the Italian Government, has issued a circular discouraging agitation of the Roman question. He says Italy will be neutral and await the certain triumph of her rights.

LONDON, November 19.—The report is confirmed that Chili and Peru have consented to accept the mediation of the Governments of France and England.

There are reports in circulation that fighting has been renewed in Candia.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Goods are devastating the counties of York and Lancaster. Many lives have been lost by drowning.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 19.—The Breadstuffs market to-day has been firm and unchanged. Consols closed to-day at 90¾ for money. The following are the closing quotations of American securities: 5-20s, 70½; Illinois Central shares, 78¾; Erie, 49¾.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 19.—*Noon.*—The cotton market is quiet and unchanged. Middling uplands are quoted at 14d. The sales to-day will reach 10,000 bales.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—*Noon.*—Consols to-day, 90¾. American securities—five-twenties, 72½; Illinois Central, 78¾; Erie, 49¾.

FROM THE ARTIC OCEAN.

Tidings from Captain Hall—Traces of Dr. Franklin's Expedition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Mr. Henry Grinnell has received the following letter, giving news from Capt. Hall's Arctic Expedition:

NEWLONDON, Nov. 15, 1866.

To Henry Grinnell, New York.—Dear Sir: The steam whaler Prince Albert, Capt. Ebenezer Morgan, from the Northern Seas, arrived in this port yesterday. As the vessel fell in with Mr. C. F. Hall, the Arctic Explorer, and yet brought out his letters to friends in the United States, I forward you Capt. Morgan's statement of his interview, and success with Hall, and his researches among the natives of the northwest coast of Hudson's Bay.

The Pioneer reached the head of Repulse Bay, north of Rivers Welcome, on the 5th of July last. Here they met Mr. Hall and his party of Esquimaux, all in good health, and at that time engaged in fishing. His faithful adherents are Joe and Hannah Esquimaux, who are well known to you, with some other natives from his family or troupe, were with him. Hall had at that time no white man in his company, but found the natives of that region most familiar faces and hear news from home. He has passed the winter very comfortably, living and having learned to the Esquimaux mode of life, and having with his resources secured ample supplies of food at the station. He had killed one whale last fall and another this summer, while deer were found in the region established a great many. Hall and his party, and they were obliged to turn back

Mr. Hall has secured a great many relics of the lost Sir John Franklin Expedition, together with some important documents, which he believes to have been penned by Captain Crozier, and has information of the location of others as well as is determined to obtain, believing them to be of much value to the world, caring up the mystery of the fate of the unfortunate survivors of the Erebus and Terror. Mr. Hall's intentions are to go back to his stock of information, and the object of his search before further known among the natives, he is constantly gathering fresh traces and new proofs to establish previously known facts.

Among other things he has heard of the locality of a boat, turned bottom up, under which are the dead bodies of from seventeen to twenty-five white men, with their hands and feet all cut off. The natives claim that the mutilation was not done by them, but by some of the white men who were wrecked. The tradition of the Esquimaux is that a rebellion broke out among the survivors, who were endeavoring to reach Hudson Bay, and that all but three were murdered, that these three remained among the natives, working their way toward the white settlements, but that finally died before reaching them.

Captain Morgan further furnished Mr. Hall such things as he needed, from his ship, and states that two or three American whaling vessels, will visit at Repulse Bay this season.

Mr. Hall expressed his great gratitude and regard for those who had aided him at home to undertake his plans of discovery; he said that he was determined to carry out his plans if it could be done without too much expense, and conclude his explorations in that quarter the ensuing year, he wished very much to organize a small party of six or eight white men, fully armed, to accompany him, he could then travel with impunity, and reach the utmost limit of his desires. It is not improbable that such a party could be made up from the ships crews wintering here.

Mr. Hall was preparing to send home by the Plover many valuable records, letters, &c. The ship moved some fifty miles for a better whaling ground, fully intending to return to Repulse Bay, but owing to the ice was unable to do so. This will account for the fact that she did not bring any thing from Mr. Hall direct.

Hoping these items may prove of interest to you, I remain very truly yours, &c.

RICHARD H. CHAPPELL.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Horrible Affair—A Child Murdered by an Insane Woman—Corner Stone Ceremonies of the Masonic Temple—The President, Cabinet and Gov. Seward to be Present.

BALTIMORE, November 19.—A horrible affair occurred this afternoon at the residence of Mr. Jesse Marsden, on East Baltimore street. Mrs. George Clogg, a daughter of Mr. Marsden, residing with his family, while under the influence of a fit of insanity murdered her own children and those of her sister, Mrs. Charles Eichman, with a common table knife, and cut the throat of a son of Mrs. Eichman, aged two years, and then attempted to murder that of her youngest child, wounding it severely. She then enavored to kill her eldest child, but it escaped. The affair produced an intense excitement in the neighborhood. The parties are highly respectable.

Great preparations are making for the ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner-stone of the new Masonic Temple to-morrow. Numerous delegations have arrived from distant points, and others are expected. The Baltimore lodges have been making costly arrangements in the way of new regalia, &c. The President, the members of the Cabinet and the Governor of the State have been invited to participate in the ceremonies, and it is expected that the President will reach here in an early train to-morrow.

Report of the United States Register.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The United States Register, compiled by J. Disturnell, and not yet printed, shows that of six hundred vessels belonging to our navy at the close of the war, only sixty-six remain, and four were in the service last week. About all the useless vessels have been sold. On the list now are sixty-five ironclads, six frigates, and sixty-five ships of the line. The government makes the following classification, referring to the size rather than the quality of the vessels: Thirty-one first rate ships of war, six hundred and eighty-six guns, forty-eight second rate ships of war, six hundred and six guns; eighty third rate ships of war, one hundred and eighty-one guns; fourth rate ships of war, three hundred and ninety guns. The total number of vessels is two hundred and ninety-four guns, two thousand five hundred and sixty-three.

In the first rate, we understand, are placed the vessels of two thousand five hundred tons and over.

A White Man Shot by a Freedman—Time Extended.

SAVANNAH, GA., Nov. 19.—A citizen named Augustus M'Lean, was shot yesterday by a freedman in a dispute about ten cents. The verdict of the jury was wilful murder.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., Nov. 19.—The Senate has passed a bill extending the time to debtors to pay the first instalment on debts to January 1st, 1868.

The Site for the New York Postoffice—The Cost.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—By a resolution adopted by the Board of Aldermen to-day, the General Government is to be charged one million dollars for the New York Postoffice site in the City Hall Park.

Morrissey Visits the President.

NEW YORK, November 19.—Among the many visitors at the President's house to-day was John Morrissey, Congressman elect.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Wreck of an American Vessel—All Hands Supposed to Have Perished—News from the Mediterranean—The Creton Revolt—Presidential Appointment—Johnson in Favor of Imparital Suffrage—Masonic.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 19.—Commander Cooper, of the United States ship Winooski, informed the Consul that the keeper of the light house Hole-in-the-Wall, told him that a vessel, or fragments of a vessel broken up, was found a few miles from the Winooski, loaded with iron and machinery for a saw mill, dry goods, etc., and that he took them to be American from the fact of having two pieces of bunting, a small part of the Union, and a part of the stripes on the broken and ragged part of the rocks. The shipping mark on one piece of the machinery was H. F. D. The vessel was wrecked in the late hurricane of October, and no doubt all hands on board perished, as five bodies were found on the beach.

The U. S. consul at Oanea writes, under date of October 14th, to the Secretary of State, as follows:

"I hope that our Government will be able in some way to contribute to the relief of the unfortunates who are already deprived of all provision made against the winter, and even, in many cases, of any means of obtaining a living by the barbarous severity of the Government forces who destroy not only stores of provisions, &c., but even the houses and implements, and in many cases the vineyards, of those whose only offense has been to escape at the approach of a soldiery of whose humanity they have good reason to doubt. If the charity of the friends of humanity is not large toward the Cretons thousands must perish the coming winter."

The Consul at Palermo says that the cholera at that city has become epidemic. From the time the troops left on September 18th to October 17th, it was only in a sporadic form, the Consul learns that on the 19th, in the official bulletin there was marked two hundred and seventeen cases and one hundred and thirty-one deaths.

The President to-day appointed D. M. Leatherman, of Tennessee, Commissioner on the part of the United States to the Universal Exhibition, to be held at Paris in 1867.

Richard Beaman was appointed Deputy Postmaster at Ann Arbor, Michigan.

United States Senator Harlan to-night addressed a public meeting at the Fair Building on Penn avenue. The audience was about equally divided between whites and blacks. His theme was the "moral, political and social necessity of conferring suffrage on citizens of African descent." He quoted copiously, and read from speeches and statements to show that the President of the United States himself was in favor of it. He expressed the belief that if those who were opposed would petition Congress for impartial suffrage, there would be no difficulty in the passage of a law for that purpose.

Other orators addressed the meeting. The President has given directions that leave of absence for twenty four hours be granted to all Masonic officials in the public service, desire to participate to-morrow in the laying of the corner stone of the new Masonic temple in Baltimore.

FROM TENNESSEE.

The Universal Suffrage Question Laid on the Table in the House.

NASHVILLE, November 19.—The Bill introduced into the Tennessee House to-day to repeal the present franchise law and give suffrage to the negroes, being a proposition for universal suffrage, general amnesty, was laid on the table on first reading by a vote of 52. East Tennessee members voting solid, Radicals and Conservatives, to lay it on the table, and five Conservatives from Middle and West Tennessee against it.

Another bill was introduced striking out the word white in the present franchise law.

Southern Presbyterian General Assembly.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 19.—In the Presbyterian General Assembly to-day there was a discussion in relation to the Puritan code of church and discipline of their admission to the church. The action, as reported by the Committee, was adopted. An important report on beneficiary education, presented by the chairman of the committee appointed by the last General Assembly, and canvas and discipline, as far as chapter 9th, with slight modifications, have been adopted.

Appointed Clerk of the House—Promoted to the Admiralty.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—Edward A. Dow, of Vermont, has been appointed assistant Clerk of the United States House of Representatives.

Commodore Craven has been promoted to the rank of Rear-Admiral, to date from October 19th.

The Powell Poisoning Case.

LOUISVILLE, November 19.—The Coroner's Jury which sat on the remains of Mrs. Ben Powell, report that no traces of poison were found in her stomach, which consequently, relieves her husband and every one else from suspicion. The recent report of the arrest of Mr. Powell in reference to the matter was incorrect.

New Consul Appointed.

NEW YORK, November 19.—A new Consul Attorney General has been established in this city. Collector Smythe received official notice this morning from the Consul at De La Republica Dominicana that J. W. Carrier assumes the duties of Consul General, his *exequatur* having been received from the President of the United States.

Death of a Philadelphia Merchant.

PHILADELPHIA, November 19.—George B. Reese, one of the oldest dry goods importers in this city, died this morning. He was aged sixty-seven years.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The romance of a "Poor Young Man," which has been in active preparation for some time, was brought out at this establishment, last evening, to a good house, although the auditorium was by no means crowded. If the weather had been more propitious, the attendance would doubtless have been large enough to fill the house. Everything at this house since Mr. Hess has assumed the managerial duties, the play was well put on the stage, while some of the scenes are not only beautiful, but novel. The "Romance of a Poor Young Man" has, in our estimation, many superfluities, yet it has a piquant dialogue not witty, but full of spice, which pleases as well as interests, as the plot is unraveled. The characters are cast exceedingly, the entire strength of the stock company being embraced in it. The manuel of W. H. Leak, especially in the first two acts, was very good indeed, being a careful, graceful, art like piece of acting.

Mr. J. C. Hall as Desmarets appeared to advantage, not only playing, but, as he always does, dressing the part well. J. F. Crossen as De Beaumont, and Mr. Ward's Casper, a difficult role. The Marguerite of Annie Waite was a little too carelessly given to deserve commendation. Louisa Sydney did justice to the part assigned her to the satisfaction of all. The rest of the characters were in good hands. The same bill will be given this evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The lovers of good vocalism will have the opportunity of enjoying a rich treat at the Academy of Music this evening, where a corps of the best musical celebrities, with the accomplished Lina Scriba at their head, will give a grand vocal and instrumental concert, for the benefit of the First German Church, in West Manchester. In addition to Miss Lina, her sister Eliza, Miss Bertha Weise, Mr. Brecht, Prof. Charles Grebe and the blind pianist, Mr. Smith, and the celebrated Frohsinn Society, assisted for the occasion, appearing in a programme of rare excellence. Tickets for the entertainment can be procured at H. Weber's music store, Wood street, or at the door.

THEATER.—Vestvali appeared last evening at this house in one of her best pieces, that of "Bel Demonio," to a fair audience. We cannot but compliment this lady the credit of being in the possession of a considerable amount of dramatic ability, although unfortunately for herself it is more of the masculine than feminine order. Her impersonations are devoid of that delicacy of finish so peculiar to the softer sex. Notwith-tanding this blot on the work, Vestvali is a good actress, and is destined to succeed in her profession. Mr. Rogewell appeared subsequently, we have not learned. It is thought that several others who were wounded, cannot recover as their injuries are of a very serious character. It seems that the boys had collected in the boiler house before going to work, to warm themselves, and that they were in the house when the explosion took place. This is one of the most terrible accidents of the kind that ever happened in this county.

MINSTRELS.—The very cream of minstrelsy is embodied in Cotton & Murphy's California Minstrels, who open in Masonic Hall Thursday evening, for three nights. It is needless to say that they will attract good houses during their stay.

A Valuable Invention.

We direct attention to the advertisement, in another column, of Wethe ill & Sloan's Patent Gas Condensing Burners. They can be used on any lamp, and dispense entirely with chimneys. The flame produced by these burners spreads out similar to that of gas. The construction is such that the smoke is confined in a gas condensing chamber, and is wholly converted into flame. The burner does not depend directly upon the draft for its light, but burns the smoke which is produced therefrom, and burns less oil than chimney burners. They also give a more brilliant light than any other burner in the market. When properly introduced and used, these burners will be the only ones used in the markets.

Mr. James Blackmore having purchased the county right for their sale, has a large stock on hand, at No. 134 Water street, where they can be seen and purchased. Canvassers are offered rare inducements to dispose of these truly invaluable burners.

Committal of Dawson, the Alleged Forger.

Mayor McCarthy, yesterday morning at ten o'clock, gave a hearing in the case of J. B. Dawson, *alias* Captain Foster, whose arrest on a charge of forgery we reported in yesterday morning's issue. Mr. J. K. Caldwell, the indorser of the forged draft, and J. R. McCune, President of the Union National Bank, where the draft was cashed, were the principal witnesses. Mr. Caldwell testified that on Monday, the 5th inst., he had met the accused on the street, and the latter stated that he had a draft for $50 on the First National Bank of this city, and requested Mr. C. to accompany him to the bank and identify him. Mr. Caldwell accompanied Dawson to the bank, but an examination of the draft showed that instead of being drawn on the First National Bank of Pittsburgh, it was drawn on the First National Bank of Chicago. Mr. Caldwell then accompanied Dawson to the Union Bank and there presented the draft. Some objection to the draft was made by Mr. McCune on account of a slight informality in its filling out, but so confident was Mr. Caldwell that the signature was authentic that he unhesitatingly vouched for the genuineness of the draft and indorsed the paper, merely remarking in regard to the signature that time seemed to have had its usual effect on old Mr. Dawson, making his hand more tremulous than formerly. Dawson took the money and left the city for the east.

Mr. McCune identified the draft and stated that on the day it was paid it was sent to Chicago. On Wednesday, the 7th inst., a telegram was received from that city, stating that the draft was a forgery. Mr. Caldwell was notified and immediately refunded the $50 to the bank. Subsequently the protested paper was returned to this city, and on comparison with the genuine signature of Mr. Dawson's the forgery was apparent. Officer Mullen, to whom Caldwell saw Mr. Dawson, the father of the prisoner, and from him learned still more positively that the draft was forged.

The prisoner offered no defense and in default of bail in the sum of $1,500, he was committed to jail to await his trial.

Dawson is known as an operator of uncommon adroitness and keenness, as is shown by his army exploits recorded in yesterday's paper. On the Saturday of the week in which the draft was presented here, and after the exposure had been made, he returned here from Philadelphia moneyless. He went to the residence of Colonel Munro of this city, having, as is alleged, another forged draft, also forged, which he wished this gentleman to indorse. Luckily for himself, however, the Colonel was not at home, and on the occasion of both visits, and Dawson proceeded westward, travelling, as is stated, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad on a free pass. He got no further.

His boldness is more than equalled by his meanness. We stated, yesterday, that he had confessed his guilt to this city with a penitent letter, requesting Mr. Caldwell to co-operate with him in his efforts to reform. His meanness becomes more apparent when we state that during his former imprisonment in our jail he found a fast friend in Mr. Caldwell who spared neither trouble nor money to make his imprisonment more tolerable. The gentlemanly and universal esteem in which he is held here on his return from Philadelphia, had been an intimate friend of his, and was a brother Elk of the order.

Previous to his former difficulties Dawson married a most estimable and accomplished lady in the western part of this State, but he has been in the penitentiary his wife obtained a divorce from him.

The prisoner stated that he was on his way back to this city to make the draft matter right with Mr. Caldwell, having learned that there was trouble about it. He is now a guest of Warden White, and will undoubtedly have to take up his abode with him for some time, for he occupied rooms there before he took up under straps, put on style, and lived high; and on his emigration to the Penitentiary, left Mr. White some fifty-four dollars "out" for extra expenses incurred on his account.

Stolen Watch Recovered.

On the 17th of August last a man named Francis Morrison, boarding at the house of Mr. E. H. Crooks, River avenue, Allegheny, had a valuable silver watch, with chain attached, stolen. The watch hung against the wall in front room, between two open windows, and some person must have reached into the window and made off with the time piece. No clue was had to the thief. A few days afterwards, however, a man wearing a chain similar to the stolen one, was arrested in Allegheny on suspicion. On examination at the Mayor's office, however, the chain was found not to be Mr. Morrison's, and instead of finding the stolen watch in his pocket, no watch at all was found, but only a good sized cracker that he had put there in the hurry of innocent man, who was putting on so much inexpensive "style," was at once discharged. The watch was not recovered until yesterday. Mr. Morrison, in passing the window of Ciumilotti's pawn broker's office, in this city, spied his watch hanging in the window. He recognized it beyond doubt, and it was conveyed to the Mayor's office. There the owner identified it under oath, and the pawn broker, after some demurring, gave up his claim to the property. Mr. Ciumilotti has no idea as to who left the watch in pawn with him.

Mania a Potu.

The Allegheny tombs has in one of its cells a fearful practical sermon on the crime of drunkenness and the terrible retribution it entails. A robust, well formed man, named Samuel Mercer, alternately crouches in one corner of the cell, shuddering in helpless terror at the imaginary horrors crowding round him, and rages madly about within his prison limits in frenzied attempts to free himself from his haunting fears. Yesterday, in his frenzy, he had torn off every shred of his clothing and could not be prevailed upon to resume his garments, but raved about as naked as when he was born. He resides in the First ward, Allegheny, and has been drinking excessively for many days past, and yesterday officer Campbell arrested him in the streets in a state of wild delirium. Many and terrible have been the warnings given during the past few months to those drowning themselves in the strong temptation of drink. Death has been busy with them, and has slain them with a pitiless rapidity that we have seldom seen equalled, and even more than the usual number have sunk rapidly from high places to grovel in the gutter, but we do not remember to have seen a more painful instance of Alcohol's destructive power than this man in the Allegheny tombs.

A Mystery—Foul Play Suspected.

On the night of the robbery of the Treasurer's office of Beaver county, the particulars of which were given in our issue of Thursday last, a man residing in Fallston, opposite New Brighton, suddenly disappeared, and has not since been heard from. The missing man had been in New Brighton until a late hour that night, and was subsequently seen on his way home to Fallston. Some time during the night persons residing from the vicinity of the bridge spanning the creek between New Brighton and Fallston, heard cries of "help," "murder," etc., issuing from the bridge. As some of the tools supposed to have been used in opening the Treasurer's office in Beaver were found on the bridge, it is thought that the missing man, who is described as very stout, was murdered by them. The creek was dragged on Friday and Saturday for the body the unfortunate man, but without success. It was proposed to search yesterday along the shores of the creek and in the woods skirting the hill in the rear of Fallstown, but we have not been informed as to the result. The missing man was an Englishman by birth, and bore an excellent character for honesty among those who knew him.

Terrible Accident at a Colliery—Explosion of a Boiler—Eight Boys Killed.

On Saturday morning last just before the hour to commense work had arrived, a breaker boiler, one of three at the colliery of William Kear & Company, Mine Hill Gap, near Pottsville, exploded with terrific violence, blowing everything in its immediate vicinity to atoms, killing eight boys, slate-pickers. The boys were from ten to fif

The Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1866.

TO YEARLY ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the large amount of advertising patronage with which we are favored, and for which we are duly thankful, and the increase of our circulation, altogether beyond our present means to supply as promptly as we ought, we find it generally inconvenient, and sometimes quite impossible, to insert changes for yearly advertisers, unless left at our counting-room before seven o'clock in the evening.

THE HOURS OF LABOR.

Within a few years comparatively, in most of the cities and large towns, the daily term of labor in mechanical and manufacturing employments has been shortened, in summer from fifteen hours to ten; and yet a given number of men in these departments will in general accomplish more, with the aid of the inventions they have at command, than many times the same number could have done one hundred years ago. It is reasonable to conclude that what has already been done in this particular is as nothing in comparison to the general results which will ultimately be achieved. The progress of invention in all the departments of practical life is destined to continue until the human race shall be released from drudgery; at least all except those who may be concerned in the production of daily newspapers.

In its day it was a great achievement to so tame a horse and subject him to discipline, as to make him carry and draw. In the early and rude day in which that feat was first accomplished the successful man was raised far above the sphere of ordinary mortals. He was actually deified. But, however much horse-taming may have done for the world, in the way of lessening human toil, the taming of steam and electricity, so as to be able to harness those elements and set them at work, was a vastly greater triumph of genius. This training, however fully commenced, has been no where near completed.

Some eminent and sanguine philosophers of Germany and France carry their calculations so far that they anticipate the time when potatoes, corn, and other edibles shall no longer be grown, but shall be manufactured, so to speak, directly out of the elements that exist in nature everywhere in profusion. Of course, a vast advance in chemical knowledge must be made before such startling results shall be realized. To perceive this with some justness of apprehension let a man take a scientific analysis of various kinds of food. He will be struck with the pretended accuracy with which each property entering into the article is named and the proportion of it assigned. He will be astonished to perceive how little, in intrinsic elements, the most dissimilar articles differ from each other. But he will be amazed if he takes the particular atoms of which any fruit is said to be composed, and attempts to beat or mould them into the fruit itself. He will quickly discover that however exact the chemical formula may be, that some subtle element, some vital force, altogether beyond the reach of art, is wanting to complete the work of creation.

However it may fare with his manufacture of food, it is manifest that the progress of improvement in relieving the race from the necessity of bodily toil, must be gradual and in due proportion as the nobler powers of mind and heart are developed and employed. With not a few men the work that is got out of them is the best result of their living. If all the celebrated men and women in the world should be instantly placed in circumstances to render physical toil unnecessary to their subsistence, they would relapse into absolute barbarism. Work is the great civilizer, and matters seem to be so ordered that until people acquire the habit of being industrious intellectually they are compelled to be industrious physically.

Much is said in these days of the advantages that would accrue from further abridging the hours of labor, in affording opportunity for study, family enjoyment and rational recreation. Habits of life, unfortunately, are not certainly induced by opportunity; or, perhaps, we shall express the thought better by stating that leisure has its perils as well as benefits. An old tradition, which has much solid sense at the bottom of it, represents Satan as a remarkably assiduous purveyor for idle hands. As yet the philosophers and moralists, whatever they may do in the distant future, are altogether distanced by him. Those personal disfigurements which somewhat appall infantile apprehensions seem to have an indescribable charm for idlers who are farther along in years. JOHN WILKES, reputed the ugliest featured man in England, made light of his hideousness by declaring that in any circle, however refined and sensitive, it required only half an hour for him *to take off his face*. Satan seems to have the same sort of knack of so tickling idle folks that they soon overlook his repulsiveness.

We have already given our readers a knowledge of the Cahn vs. Cahn trial (news venders) in the Cincinnati court. It was suddenly brought to a close on Friday. The plaintiff's counsel asked for a continuance on the ground that one of the jurors had, since the commencement of the trial, expressed an opinion in relation to the merits of the case. Two witnesses swore positively that they overheard the juror make the objectionable remarks, while he as positively denied the assertion. The trial was continued and the specifications embodying the charge made against the juror were drawn, that he might have an opportunity of disproving it.

The census of the Indian tribes of the United States, accompanying the annual report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for 1866, shows that the Indians are distributed as follows: Washington superintendency, 14,800; Oregon do., 19,471; California do., 25,962; Arizona do., 34,500; Nevado do., 8,200; Utah do., 19,800, New Mexico do., 19,800; Colorado do., 5,000; Dakota do., 24,470; Idaho do., 7,330; Montano do., 15,633; Northern do., 18,178; Central do., 12,837; Southern do., 53,904; various independent agencies throughout the country, 26,779. Total number in the United States, 295,774.

The Chicago *Republican*, in a vigorous article demanding the impeachment and removal of the President, maintains that Congress is the conclusive and final judge of the nature of the acts which shall be held to afford grounds for impeachment, and that, therefore, the impeachment and removal may be made on such grounds as may seem just to it. Technically this is true, but it is very plain, nevertheless, that Congress would make a great mistake if it should perform so gross an act except for reasons not only tangible to the popular apprehension, but carrying impress of sufficiency.

George Peabody is in Philadelphia. He recently presented Bishop McIlvaine, of Cincinnati, with $25,000, to be used for the benefit of Kenyon College. He also donated, last week, $30,000 to the Maryland Historical Society.

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY—EASTERN DIVISION.

ST. LOUIS, November 15, 1866.

THE VALLEY OF THE KANSAS.

The Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, follows the valley of the Kansas River from its mouth at Wyandotte and Kansas City to the remotest sources of its farthest reaching branch—the Smoky Hill Fork; a distance of not less than three hundred and fifty miles. This valley is in some places eight miles wide, and in no place below Fort Riley do the bluffs, which bound the valley on both sides approach nearer than from two to three miles of each other. Probably the average width of this bottom land is five miles. From Wyandotte to within a few miles of Lawrence, a distance of some thirty-five miles, the valley is heavily timbered. White oak and burr oaks abound, and I observed some red, black and other varieties of oak of all kinds, hickory, soft maple, elm, sycamore, black walnut, cottonwood, hackberry, poplar, ash, &c. Here the railway company have on their own ground an inexhaustible supply of timber for ties and other purposes, and numerous steam saw mills are busy working it up. The soil in this timbered district is surpassingly rich. The value of such a tract to a railroad which runs for hundreds of miles through a prairie country can hardly be estimated.

Some distance below Lawrence the road enters the most beautiful bottom land prairies I ever saw. The dark, almost black, fat soil is, as I saw in some cuts through which the road passes, from eight to twelve feet thick, perhaps more. There is no swamp land in this valley; for, although the ground is level, the water does not lie upon it. The soil is chiefly composed of very fine sand—the same precisely as that found in the ever-shifting bars of the Missouri, and with which the water of that strange river, whether high or low, is perpetually intermixed. The same kind of shifting bars abound in the Kansas river, of the same color, and composed of the same materials. The water of the Kansas, however, is clear and sweet. It is, indeed, the Missouri in miniature—displaying, however, less of grandeur, but more of beauty.

THE BLUFFS.

More or less distant from the river, as before intimated, the valley, or bottom land, is bounded by bluffs of moderate elevation—varying from fifty to one hundred feet in height. For the most part they are much less than a hundred feet in height. These bluffs are perfectly destitute of timber, and are covered with grass except where the singularly regular stratified lime stone rocks crop out. In some places, extending for long distances, these rocks present the appearance of regular and handsome masonry, of straight, vertical range work, and is not the least beautiful feature of this paradisical valley.

But their beauty is of small moment compared with their utility; for they are among the best and cheapest, and most beautiful building material I ever saw. The mass is composed of layer over layer for many feet in thickness, the several stratas being from five or six to perhaps twenty inches in thickness. The texture is not unlike that of marble, but they do not take the same polish. The color is a light yellowish gray; and whether viewed near or at a distance, they make beautiful houses. But the most remarkable quality in these stones is, that, when fresh quarried, they can be sawed like timber with toothed saws; and yet, after being exposed to the weather for a short time, they acquire the hardness of marble or ordinary lime stone. At Junction City there is one of these stone saw mills in operation, and I saw some buildings composed of the blocks thus sawed. They were 12 or 14 inches thick, by, say, twice that length, and as regular as pressed brick. This will be pre-eminently the valley of stone houses. These rocks underlie all the higher prairie lands of Kansas.

From the summit of these bluffs back, both north and south, magnificent rolling prairies, but little less fertile than the bottom lands of which I have seen, stretch off almost indefinitely, only broken by water course, along the margins of which there is always more or less timber.

I have spoken of this valley as far as I saw it—140 miles from the mouth of the river. At Fort Riley the bluffs approach nearer together than in any other place I saw. The natural scenery there is very beautiful. A short distance above the fort the Republican Fork comes in from the northwest, with a lively current and a copious flow of clear, wholesome looking water. Just above the junction of the rivers the bluffs turned off rapidly, leaving a magnificent valley, on a gentle swell of which, and about two miles farther west, stands Junction City. Nothing can be more beautiful than the location of this city—it is a little one yet; yet its people seem to have faith in it, for they have erected some fine houses of the stone of which I have just spoken. Here at present are the headquarters of the Denver, New Mexico and California mail and passenger coaches, and from this point countless numbers of government and emigrant wagons, facetiously called "prairie schooners," begin their long voyages across "the plains." But before next spring the railroad will be extended far beyond this point, and of course to the same amount shorten the tedious voyage of the slow-moving train. Of the prospect of Junction City, when it shall be the only town on the line of the road, I shall offer no conjecture. I think it will prosper.

I am assured by all with whom I have conversed, who have travelled to and fro from Denver to Kansas, that the valley of the Smoky Hill Fork for hundreds of miles above Fort Riley, maintains the same general character as to conformation and fertility. Towards the heads less rain falls than in the lower portion of the valley, and to insure good crops more or less irrigation will be required.

SETTLEMENTS.

Since the railroad has been constructed, settlers are coming in in great numbers; and, judging from the character of many of the improvements, some, at least of the immigrants are people of ample means and cultivated taste. Substantial stone dwellings, and real stone walls enclosing the entire track, attest this. I had formed a favorable impression of the valley of the Kansas before I saw it; but, I confess, that it went beyond my preconceptions; and while gazing at it from the window of the rapidly moving car, it is not strange that the traveller should find Moore's pretty line buzzing through his brain—

"There's not in this wide world a valley so sweet."

C.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The Illinois *Staats Zeitung*, speaking of the negro suffrage article of the Chicago *Times*, says:

"This attempt to rescue the Democratic party from ruin comes too late. The means which the *Times* proposes are not sufficient to work salvation, even if salvation were possible. Thus the *Times* does not propose universal suffrage, but a qualified suffrage for the freedmen. In other words, it declares war against the democratic doctrine of universal suffrage and will have it depend upon intelligence or a property qualification."

The *Zeitung* holds that going for half the truth will never save a sinking party.

—The Italian Minister of Public Works has received a report to the effect that one half of the work of piercing Mont Cenis is completed. The tunnel, which is to be twelve thousand two hundred and twenty twelve yards in length, seven and two-thirds miles, is already pierced six thousand one hundred and ten metres. The workmen to be actively resumed, and there is reason to hope that the line may be opened in the course of next year. That will be the first direct communication between France and Italy. Paris and Florence will then only be separated by rail from thirty-six to forty hours.

—According to the reiterated reports of foreign newspaper correspondents, Count Bismarck, Louis Napoleon and Baron James de Rothschild have all been recently very ill, and fears were expressed of their dying. It now appears, however, that Bismarck has recovered; that Napoleon has not been ill, and that Baron Rothschild has been reading with infinite amusement the newspaper homilies about the "vanity of riches," &c., which have been prompted by the anticipated death of that at present quite healthy money king.

—One skate factory in Worcester, Mass., has consumed during the present year 5,000 gross of screws, two tons of brass, 1,000 pounds of German silver, nearly six tons of rosewood, and ten tons of steel, which have been worked up by thirty five men and women into 25,000 pairs of skates. It also uses annually 50,000 brass thimbles, which are inserted in the wood, and to which the runners are affixed, effectually preventing the splitting of the wood.

—"Never be critical upon the ladies," was the maxim of an old Irish peer, remarkable for his homage to the sex; "the only way in the world that a true gentleman ever will attempt to look at the faults of a pretty woman is to shut his eyes."

—All the houses of doubtful reputation in Chicago have been indicted by the Grand Jury. On the other hand, burglars are doing a thriving business in that city, and thus far they have succeeded in escaping the vigilance of the police.

Social Life in New Orleans—Marriage Customs.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29, 1866.—The inhabitants of the city present a strange combination of incongruous elements. Creoles, Americans, Germans, Irish, Spanish and Mexican trash, with a goodly sprinkling of bona fide Johnnie Crapeaus are to be found, and a more reckless, pleasure-loving, pleasure-seeking community does not exist any where outside of Paris itself. They are particularly notable for neatness of dress, approaching extravagance in the way of ornaments, for every other person you meet wears a diamond pin or ring. Even the darkies afford Brazilian pebbles, and sport gold watches and Malacca canes. Ton Northerner, however, the quadroons and octoroons, who abound plentifully, are the strangest part of the whole compound, suggesting very forcibly the idea of practical amalgamation which would shock the sensibilities of theoretical Oberlinists. The prettiest forms in the city are those of the "quad" and the "octo" girls, and generally they are the most tastefully dressed. A neatly-turned ankle, prutty hand and tapering waist, with a naturally airy and jaunty carriage, are almost a sure indication of nearly extinct African blood. Color is no criterion, and a stranger will often mistaken an olive complexioned creole for a mulatto, if not something darker.

It will be news to many of your readers to learn that these quadroons and octoroons are semi-legitimate—i. e., they are generally the offspring of a *place* marriage, which is an institution so peculiarly local that but few, except the residents of this locality, know of its existence or understand its obligations. Among the pure Creoles, the strictest Catholics imaginable, a custom resembling a mock marriage has obtained. A regularly ordained priest officiates, and a white man is placed with a colored girl in such a manner that, although they violate law, decency and good morals by living together, they satisfy the demands of the Church and confessional. The American quadroons, however, not being so strict Catholics, and in some cases having no religion at all, accept an offer to be kept as a mistress from any reliable white gentleman without ceremony. Previous to the war the place obligation was more frequently incurred than since its close, and it is the universal evidence of those who should know that it was seldom, if ever, violated on the part of the females. They live as chaste and virtuous to their "so called" husbands as they would have done if they had been white and lawfully married. It was customary for planters who raised children by their "nigger queens" to free them, with their mother, and send them to this city to be educated; and in many instances the girls were sent to Northern schools and even to France. On leaving school and reaching maturity they met their inevitable fate of illicit semi-marriage. Young men "courted" them after the usual manner, "popped the question," and were referred to mamma, who generally decided the application with a view to money, demanding that a certain amount should be settled on the daughter, and a certain number of slaves be given to her, and, in short, a regular establishment be set up for her. These young women, many of whom, as I have already stated, bear no evidence of their African blood, except a magnificent physique, are thus pledged to a life from which their cultivated minds sometimes revolt with honest indignation and horror. Having every sensibility that a refined and cultivated woman naturally possesses, they are doomed to a hateful existence, as disreputable and illegal as Mormonism itself. The existence of a bona fide white wife did not always interfere with the desire of a man to assume the place of obligation. If it is not the refinement of licentious amalgamation, I am mistaken. A race of bastards is the result.

DR. CHAUSSIER'S EMPRESS LA

COMPOSITION IMPERATRICE POURLES CHEVEUX.—It has long been known that the Hair, by mental exertion, by excitement, disease and imperfect circulation, loses its vitality, turns gray and falls off. That eminent French Chemist, DR. CHAUSSIER, has provided a complete antidote, and at the same time a beautiful dressing for the hair, durable and finely perfumed. Remember this is the finest article for the toilet which has ever been presented to the public. IT IS NOT A DYE. It will not soil the finest linen. It will not gum the hair. It is free from the disagreeable smell of sulphur. "It relieves the scalp of dandruff and unpleasant irritation. Prevents the hair from falling off, even after fevers. Causes the new hair to grow. It will restore gray hair to its natural color, or the money will be refunded in every instance. As this preparation is comparatively new in this country, the proprietors present the testimonials of well-known persons as to its excellence. Directions in French and Englis h

Sole Agent for Pittsburgh, JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, No 81 Market street. no20:wtw

Itch! Itch!! Scratch! Scratch!!

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours.

"ITCH" Dr. Swayne's Ointment, "ITCHES"
"ITCH" Dr. Swayne's Ointment, "ITCHES"
"ITCH" NEVER KNOWS "ITCHES"
"ITCH" TO FAIL "ITCHES"
"ITCH" IN CURING THIS "ITCHES"
"ITCH" TORMENTING "ITCHES"
"ITCH" COMPLAINT. "ITCHES"
Cures Itching Piles, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Rash, all Skin Diseases.

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by WELDIN, KNOX & MANN, 59 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market st., Pittsburgh. KANE & DEUTH, Allegheny. nov8:12:tts

TEN REASONS WHY HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

should have a place in every house:

BECAUSE by invigorating the constitution and the frame they *avert sickness*.

BECAUSE (especially) their use prevents the atmospheric poison which produces *epidemics* from taking effect upon the system.

BECAUSE they are a *mild purgative*, and impart unwonted vigor to the *stomach*.

BECAUSE they are the best *appetizing medicine* a dyspeptic ever took.

BECAUSE they are the only preparation upon which persons of a *bilious habit* can safely rely to *keep the liver in good order*.

BECAUSE they *tone* and *regulate* the bowels, and invariably relieve them when constipated without producing the reaction following relaxation.

BECAUSE they *strengthen the nerves*, clear the brain, and give to the animal spirits.

BECAUSE, in case of an attack of spasms or bilious colic they are the best thing that can be administered, the dose is short.

BECAUSE they combine the three properties of a tonic, an alterative and a purgative in their utmost purity, and in a concentrated form. They are at *harmless as water from the mountain spring*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. RINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

OFFICE MARINE OIL COMPANY, *Corner Market and Water Streets,* PITTSBURGH, Nov. 19th, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MARINE OIL COMPANY will be held at this office, on TUESDAY, Nov. 27th, 1866, at 9 o'clock A. M., at which time a new Board of Directors will be elected to serve the ensuing year. E. E. RINEHART, Secretary. no20:o3

FOR SALE, A LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, With all modern improvements, in complete order, and situate on the Penna. Railway. Inquire at No. 119 FIRST STREET, no20:o3f:tts Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT. THE THREE STORY WAREHOUSE, No. 136 First street, between Wood and Market streets. Immediate possession given. Apply to JAMES A. HUTCHISON, no20:o3&z No. 2 Duquesne Way.

FOR SALE, A GROCERY STORE, Doing a flourishing business, in Allegheny City. For particulars and terms, apply to JACOB GLOSSER, Real Estate and Stock Broker, 115 Fourth Street.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, November 17th, 1866.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the assessments for the grading, Paving and Curbing of Decatur Street, from Fulton to Kim streets, in the Sixth Ward, and Walnut street, from Pike street to Duquesne Way, in the Fifth Ward, have been made and can be seen at this office until the 27th of November, 1866, after which time they will be turned over to the City Treasurer for collection. CHAS. REICHSPFARR, no20 Rec. Reg.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. PITTSBURGH, November 19th, 1866.

There will be a meeting of this Committee at the office of WILLIAM OWENS, Jr., Esq., on

Thursday, Nov. 22d, inst., at 2 P. M.

It is desirable that there be a full attendance, as important business will come up.

By order of JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman. T. M. BAYNE, Secretary. no22:o1

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED against harboring or trusting my son JOHN, as I will pay no debts of his contracting after this date. LEWIS MILHEISZLER. SHARTSBURG, Nov. 7th, 1866. no19:o26

AUCTION SALE.—Two good BULK OIL BOATS Will be sold to the highest bidder on WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov. 21st, at 10 o'clock, in Allegheny City, near Hand Street Bridge. Sale positive. no19:

FOR SALE, THE DWELLING HOUSE No. 84 Fourth street, near Wood, now occupied in part by Messrs. Tiernan & Hays, Attorneys. For price and terms, inquire at PEOPLES' NATIONAL BANK, Corner Wood and First streets. no19

GET NONE BUT A GROVER & BAKER For a Holiday Gift. It is reliable, perfect and therefore the best. Don't fail to call and see it at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

JELLIES AND JAMS.—25 dozen fresh Jams and Jellies, of superior quality, put up in pint tumblers, including Strawberry, Raspberry, Blackberry, Red Currant, Quince, Crab Apple, Green Gage and Damsons, just received and for sale by the dozen or at retail, by JOHN A. RENSHAW, no19, Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

WALL PAPER—Of all grades, for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms and Kitchens, in great variety, at No. 107 Market street. no22 JOS. R. BUMBLES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO., (Successors to S. Jones & Co.,) Corner Fourth and Wood Sts., BANKERS & BROKERS, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

WETHERILL & SLOAN'S PATENT. LIGHT EQUAL TO GAS! PATENT Gas Condensing Burners,

Can be used on any Lamp, and Dispense entirely with Chimneys. The flame produced by these Burners spreads out similar to that of Gas. The construction is such that the smoke is consumed in a Gas Condensing Chamber, and is wholly converted into flame. The burner does not depend directly upon the wick for its light, but burns the smoke which is produced therefrom, and

Burns Less Oil Than Chimney Lamps,

And produces a more Brilliant Light than any other burner in the market.

STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

Having purchased the right of disposing of the above Burners in Allegheny County, parties wishing to examine or purchase, can be accommodated by calling at my office, 134 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

JAMES BLACKMORE. CANVASSERS WANTED. no20

WINTER STOCK OF Boys' Clothing Now in store a large and complete stock of SUITS AND OVERCOATS, For the Winter Season. Prices Low. GRAY & LOGAN, *No. 47 St. Clair Street.* no20

1867. DIARIES. 1867. POCKET AND COUNTING-HOUSE, FOR SALE BY W. S. HAVEN, Corner Wood and Third Sts., Pittsburgh. no20

FURS FOR LADIES, *Furs for Ladies, Furs for Ladies, Furs for Misses, Furs for Children, Furs for Gents* An immense stock of every variety, selling very low, at the HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE OF McCORD & CO., 131 *WOOD STREET.* no17

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss. COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of JAMES HEANEY, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby cited to be and appear before me, JOS. H. GRAY, Register of Wills, &c., in and for said county, on or before SATURDAY, the 8th day of December next, at the said Register's office, Pittsburgh, then and there to take out Letters of Administration on the Estate of said James Heaney, deceased, or show cause, if any, why the same should not be granted to one or more of the creditors or widow of said person.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at Pittsburgh, this 6th day of November, A. D., 1866. no6:o16:dw JOS. H. GRAY, Register.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, Extra Bounties, Back Pay, &c., Collected in the Shortest possible time, by A. M. BROWN, JOHN S. LAMBIE, Attorneys at Law, Office, No. 114 Fifth street, PITTSBURGH.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE Is the Ultima Thule of Mechanism. Please call and examine it at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

WHARF IMPROVEMENT. CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, November 16th, 1866. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, Nov. 30th, at 10 o'clock P. M., for grading Beaver street, from Goodrich street to Gray's alley, the filling to be of earth or other good material, and to be covered with rolling mill slag. The estimated quantities required are about 7,500 cubic yards of earth and about 2,500 cubic yards of slag. Separate bids (per cubic yard) will be received for the earth filling and slag.

Bidders are requested to state the price payable in cash; also the price payable in the bonds of the city, redeemable in twenty (2) years, with interest to pay the semi-annually, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

By direction of the Committee on Wharves and Landings, R. B. FRANCIS, no16:o19 City Controller.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE. RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12th, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the assessments for the grading, Paving and Curbing of Watson street from Bowns to Chestnut street, Chestnut street, from Forbes to Gibbon streets, and Gibbon street, from Chestnut to Magee streets, in the Eighth Ward; and Franklin street, from Washington to Fulton streets, in the Sixth Ward, have been made and can be seen at this office until the 22d day of November, 1866, after which time they will be turned over to the City Treasurer for collection. CHARLES REICHSPFARR, no14:a9 Recording Regulator.

C. C. ALGEO, DEALER IN FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, SILVER WARE, AND French Clocks, &c. Special attention given to the REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES. *No. 22 Fifth Street.* no8:159ttt

JAMES K. DAIN ALEX. TITCAIRN. EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS AND LIVERY STABLE, *No. 410 Penn Street.* DAIN & PITCAIRN, Proprietors. Omnibuses and carriages furnished for all trains. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Wedding and Parties, at short notice and reasonable rates.

Stable Open Day and Night jy4:e67:tf&s

GREAT REVOLUTION IN THE WINE TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.—PURE CALIFORNIA CHAMPAGNE, made and prepared as it is done in France, from pure California Wine, and taking the place of Imported Champagne.

The undersigned would call the attention of Wine Dealers and Hotel Keepers to the following letter, which may give a correct idea of the quality of their Wine:

"CONTINENTAL HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 25th, 1866.

"MESSRS. BOUCHER & CO.—*Gentlemen:* Having given your California Champagne a thorough test, we take pleasure in saying that we think it the best American Wine we have ever used. We shall at once place it on our bill of fare. Yours truly, J. E. KINGSLEY & CO."

Call and try our California Champagne. no17:s78 BOUCHER & CO., 36 Dey st., N. Y.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!! JAMES T. SAMPLE HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON CORNER OF FEDERAL AND ROBINSON STS., ALLEGHENY, Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of DRUGS, And which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the two cities. Prescriptions carefully prepared by a first-class druggist. All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. no30

ROUTE FOR SALE. A GOOD ROUTE ON THE Daily Gazette. Apply between the hours of ONE and THREE o'clock, at the no14 COUNTING ROOM.

GEORGE HEAVEN, CANDY MANUFACTURER And dealer in FOREIGN AND AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c., &c., No. 112 Federal Street, Second door from the First National Bank, no18:j&s ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

I HAVE RECEIVED MOST OF MY STOCK, and I offer to the Trade a selection from 5,000 PAIRS OF VARIOUS MAKES

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine my Stock, as I can OFFER DEALERS SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

JAMES BOWN, No. 136 Wood Street. no19:o13

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE CO-PARNTERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between J. T. WAMELINK and CHAS. B. BARR under the name and style of WAMELINK & BARR, has this day (October 16th, 1866,) been dissolved by mutual consent. J. T. WAMELINK disposing of his interest to HERMAN T. KNAKE and WM. L. BUETTLER.

J. T. WAMELINK. C. B. BARR.

In disposing of my interest to the above parties, I cordially recommend and solicit for the new firm of BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER, a continuance of the custom of my friends and the public generally. J. T. WAMELINK.

CHAS. B. BARR. HER. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER, Successors to WAMELINK & BARR, No. 12 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, DEALERS IN Pianos, Organs, And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand no7:o20

PITTSBURGH GAS SAVING CO., Office, No. 2 Merchants' Hotel, COR. THIRD AND SMITHFIELD STREETS.

OFFICERS:

JAMES I. BENNETT, President. ROBERT FINNEY, Vice President. ROBT. CHRISTY, Sec'y and Treas'r.

DIRECTORS:

JAS. I. BENNETT, ROBT. FINNEY, JOHN W. CHALFANT, W. W. PATRICK, J. M'D. CROSSAN, S. C. BIGLEY, W. K. NIMICK.

Office Hours, 9. a. m. to 4 p. m., daily. no13:n99

$60 Weed Lock Stitch Sewing Machine. BEST IN USE

THIS IS WHAT $60 WILL DO. $60 Machine will Hem, Fell and Bind; Braid, Tuck and Cord; Gather and Run; Make a Beaver Cloth Overcoat; Make a Frock Coat; Make a Sailor Vest; Make Cloth Pants; Bind Shoes; Will do every description of Dress Making.

$60 Machine will do all kinds of Family Sewing. $60 Machine will run over seams without breaking needles or skipping stitches. $60 Machine will be taken back in exchange for both sides. $60 Machine is the cheapest Machines by 20 per cent. in use, and will sew faster, if not superior to any Machine in the market, or we can return it and have his money. Warranted four years.

AIKEN KNITTING MACHINE Will knit 12 pairs of socks in a day. Braid and Embroidery Stamps for sale and stamping done. Yarn for all kinds of sewing done.

112 Grant street, opposite Cathedral, no17:2:T,Y,S PITTSBURGH, PA.

MURDOCK & PUTNAM, Are daily receiving at their GENT'S FURNISHING STORE, 72 Fifth Street, Nearly opposite Post Office. All the new and elegant styles in SCARFS, TIES, BOWS AND HDKFS, Gent's Underwear, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS, Robes de Chambre, Fine Shirts and Collars, Everything to complete the Gentlemens' Wardrobe. MURDOCK & PUTNAM. no3:145:tts

PITTSBURGH BREWERY. CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO., BREWERS, MALSTERS & HOP DEALERS, Successors to JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburgh, WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny,

The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our ALES AND PORTER, Which, through the careful selection of Malt from our extensive malting facilities and Hops from the yards East and West, we can guarantee to be pure and satisfactory to the trade.

Our INDIA ALE has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

Mr. ANDERSON'S customers will please be particular to leave their orders at his office adjoining his old Brewery, or at our office, Corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's Alley, no9:n50

FRANKLIN COTTON WORKS, E. HYDE'S SONS Are now prepared to manufacture COTTON YARN, CARPET CHAIN, COVERLET YARN, CANDLEWICK, TWINE, BATTINGS, COTTON WARPS, &c., &c. WEST CANAL STREET, between Robinson and Lacock, Allegheny City, Pa. P. S.—All orders by mail attended to. no9:n69

DISSOLUTION—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of FISHER, GRAHAM & CO., Machinists, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the interest of ALBERT FISHER having been purchased by CHARLES F. GRAHAM and WILLIAM K. McGINNESS, who will continue the business at the old stand, under the name of CHARLES F. GRAHAM & CO.

They will pay the debts of the firm of FISHER, GRAHAM & CO., and are alone authorized to receive and receipt for debts due same firm.

ALBERT FISHER. CHAS. F. GRAHAM. WM. K. McGINNESS. ALLEGHENY CITY, Nov. 1, 1866. no16:n98

SHOE, HARNESS & CARRIAGE MAKERS should see the new Grover & Baker No. 1 Sewing Machine Before buying elsewhere. It is the best for their use. For sale at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET. no9:n65

NEW PAPER HANGINGS. FOR PARLORS—French Designs, with Gold Borders. FOR LIBRARIES—Pompeian Patterns on Orange ground. FOR HALLS—New Greek Patterns on Red Clay ground. FOR CHAMBERS—Lace and Muslin Patterns over dark grounds. For sale by W. P. MARSHALL, no18 97 Wood street.

F. MUSSMANN, *Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,* GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done cheaply on short notice. no14:o

PAPER! PAPER!-PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY. Warehouse, 82 Third Street, keep constantly on hand, and for sale, at lowest market rates, NEWS, MANILLA, HARDWARE, MOTTLED, FELT and WRAPPING PAPERS. 10,000 bdls. assorted now in Warehouse. Chiselon Mills at Sewickley. Brighton Mills, at New Brighton. no2:n36

SMOKED SALMON & HALIBUT.—One case of each, freshly smoked Salmon and Halibut, Just received and for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery store of no14 JNO. A. RENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

BARGAINS IN SHAWLS. BATES & BELL, 21 Fifth Street, OFFER AT REDUCED PRICES, ONE LOT OF Double Shawls, Reduced 20 per Cent. One Lot of Broche Shawls, VERY CHEAP. TWO LOTS OF SMALL SHAWLS, 75c. and $1,75, Very Cheap. New Goods. Real Irish Poplin, Gala Plaids, Merinos, Empress Cloths, Coburgs, all colors. no20

SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 10c. and upwards; BALMORAL SKIRTS, from Auction; HEM-STITCHED HDKFS, 25c. and upwards WARM GLOVES AND HOSIERY; LADIES', SACQUE AND DRESS BUTTONS; GENTLEMEN'S OPERA SHAWLS; And CHILDREN'S BENOITON CHAINS; UNDER WEAR IN HEAD NETS; GREAT VARIETY; PARTY FANS; HAND KNIT SHAWLS; RIBBONS; INFANTS' SACQUES & CAPS; SCARFS. NEW STYLES FANCY HOODS, ETC., ETC., AT F. H. EATON'S, 17 Fifth Street. no20

HILLERMAN'S HAT AND FUR EMPORIUM, IS FILLED FROM CELLAR TO loft with a RICH ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, which is offered at VERY LOW RATES. Our specialty now is Ladies' and Gent's FURS, SLEIGH & CARRIAGE ROBES, Although prepared with a full line of HATS AND CAPS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. HILLERMAN'S No. 75 Wood Street. no17:o78

ELEVENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office up to November 5th, 1866.

Frederick Gamig, tavern, 1st ward, Pittsburgh; Frederick Luther, tavern, 1st ward, Pittsburgh; Elizabeth Gazzert, tavern, 1st ward, Pittsburgh; Chas. P. Mugg, tavern, 1st ward, Pittsburgh; John Tarr, tavern, 1st ward, Pittsburgh; John Mulherron, tavern, 2d ward, Pittsburgh; Frederick Metzger, tavern, 2d ward, Pittsburgh; Rebecca Grindrod, tavern, 2d ward, Pittsburgh; Patrick Gallagher, eating house, 3d ward, Pittsburgh; Patrick Burke, tavern, 3d ward, Pittsburgh; Thos. Twiford, tavern, 4th ward, Pittsburgh; Daniel Herwig, tavern, 8th ward, Pittsburgh; Matthew Burke, tavern, 8th ward, Pittsburgh; Frank Metz, tavern, 8th ward, Pittsburgh; Chas. Very, eating house, 8th ward, Pittsburgh; Albert Hinch, tavern, 8th ward, Pittsburgh; Joseph Dippe, eating house, 6th ward, Pittsburgh; Sebastian Beer, tavern, 9th ward, Pittsburgh; Thos. Stevens, tavern, 9th ward, Pittsburgh; Francis L. Johnston, tavern, 9th ward, Pittsburgh; Jno. B. Schmidt, eating house, 9th ward, Pittsburgh; Lucas Zimmer, eating house, 9th ward, Pittsburgh; Jos. Her

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

DRY GOODS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59

MARKET STREET.

WE OFFER THE

LARGEST STOCK

IN

THE WEST,

AND AT THE

LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

oc20:TF

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Point, Point Applique, and Valencia Lace Goods.

Laces and Edgings, Insertings, Handkerchiefs, Collars and Sets, Collieurs, &c., &c.

Together with a full and complete line of

EMBROIDERIES.

F. M. WILLIS, for the past six years with Eaton, Wanamaker & Co., having made an arrangement with the above, will be happy to see his old friends. no13

NEW FALL GOODS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth street,

Have just opened an extensive and splendid stock of

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
RICH BONNET & TRIMMING RIBBON
EMBROIDERIES—all descriptions,
RICH AND ELEGANT LACE GOODS,
REAL LACES of all kinds,
REAL LACE TRIMMED GOODS,
IMITATION LACES—a splendid line,
NAINSOOK, SWISS, JACONET MUSLIN;
LINEN LAWN & CAMBRIC, IRISH LINEN;
GLOVES—a full and attractive stock;
HOSIERY—a complete assortment;
LADIES' & CHILDRENS' MERINO VESTS and DRAWERS,
FANCY ZEPHYR ARTICLES—Splendid styles this season;
BERLIN AND AMERICAN ZEPHYRS,
SHETLAND WOOL,
THE GENUINE CASHMERE YARNS—all colors
BRADLEY'S KNITTING SILK,
FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants and Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our present extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere. All our goods being purchased direct on the best terms, we are prepared to and will make a low prices as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

oc19 19 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED

BY

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Full assortment of

BONNETS AND HATS,

At the leading Fall Styles.

Millinery Goods.

Crapes and Frames, Paris Fancy and Colored Silk Velvets in most desirable shades; Plain Fancy Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, new and rich colors; Flowers, choicest French and American; Feathers, fancy hat and things.

EMBROIDERIES.

(Well assorted.)

Cambric, Hamburg, Swiss, Loone, Cluny, Valenciennes Edgings and Insertings; Flouncings, Bands and Ruffings Embroidered and Plain Linen Collars, Cuffs, Sets, Laces and Lace Goods.

Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Ornaments;
Bail Fringe, Gimps and Braids;
Dress Trimmings, Bugle Frames.

WHITE GOODS:

A most complete stock of Jaconets, Cambrics, Mulls, &c., &c.

Handkerchiefs, Plain, Lace, Hem-stitched, Hemmed, Embroidered, Tape Bordered, etc., etc.

Hosiery and Glover in every variety and all sizes.

Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.

Furnishing Goods:

Suspenders and Neck-Ties; Heavy Shirts and Drawers; Dupiex, Bon-Ton and Ideal Hoop Skirts; Corsets, Hair Pins, &c. Balon and Silk Bedding. Buttons—the latest novelties, all kinds.

Yarns—Greatest va ety. Cashmere, Lambs Wool and Knitting in the various mixtures, plain colors and random.

Gent's Paper Collars, and everything in the Notion line.

Prices as low as Eastern Jobbing Houses.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

au23

CARR, McCANLDESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 Wood St.,

Third house above Diamon Alley.) PITTSBURGH, PA.

COAL, COKE, &c.

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL

COAL AND COKE COMPANY,

MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, Wholesale and Retail, of the

BEST FAMILY COAL,

Nut Coal and Slack.

OFFICE AND YARD, CORNER FOURTH AND TRY STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

All orders for delivery in the City, or shipment West, will meet prompt and immediate attention.

R. A. SCHNABE, Superintendent.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

IMPORTANT TO CONSUMERS.

HUMMEL & RABER

vite the attention of the public to their fine stock of COAL just received, including the following Varieties.

Lump, Nos. 1, 2 and Chestnut,
Eighths Valley, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Chestnut,
All of which will be prepared to deliver at the LOWEST RATES, by the single ton, car load, boat load or thousand tons.

All orders promptly attended to.

Office: 102 Chestnut street, near the Depot, HARRISBURG, PA.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 567 Liberty Street.

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR

are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,

At the lowest Market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:bis

CHARLES R. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal

And Manufacturers of

Coal, Slack, and Deoulphurized Coke,

OFFICE AND YARD,

Corner of Butler an Merton: first yard on Liberty and Cherry streets, Ninth ward, and on Second and Clymer streets, Sixth ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Penn Furnace Manufacturers supplied with the best grades of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of the yards will receive prompt attention. my25:bis

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST PAGE.)

Associations of Christians.

A convention of gentlemen representing the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States have been enjoying for the past few days a very pleasant interchange of sentiment, at the room of the Young Men's Christian Association in Philadelphia. Rev. T. H. Robinson, of Harrisburg, presided; John Wanamaker, Esq., Vice-President, and Mr. Rohdthaler, of Bethlehem, did duty as Secretary. There were present delegates from Washington, Baltimore, Wheeling, Chicago, Albany, Troy, Harrisburg, Easton, New York, Buffalo, and other cities.

After religious exercises Friday morning, the Committee on Business reported the following subjects for discussion:

1. How shall we get young men to work?
2. How shall we organize new Associations?
3. What shall be done to stir up the State of Pennsylvania?

3. What measures should be adopted to interest young men in our Association?

Rev. Herrick Johnson, of Pittsburgh, said: I think the first thing that ought to be done is to put the young men in the work. Urging is not sufficient. They must be placed in positions of responsibility, where they must either work or shirk it. Another thing that we ought to be careful about, is to give them work for which they were adapted, so as they can feel they are equal to it. We must fit in the minds of the young men that they must do certain work as young men, and feeling that responsibility they will be more apt to do it, and do it successfully.

Mr. Simons then made a few remarks upon the subject. He said he thought that Christians were too modest. He believed in the good, and he thought they should say, "I will save one young man, if I do nothing more all my life long." Just suppose now that the thousands of Christians in Philadelphia, men and women, should say they would save one soul from eternal death, God helping them. If we could do that, we would have a greater revival than we had in 1857.

A few remarks were made by other gentlemen, and then the subject, "How shall we organize new associations" was taken up.

Mr. Wanamaker said—Let us start out and go to every town, sending one person, if we can employ one, or sending a committee. In 1857, I remember very well when forty young men pledged themselves as a committee to go or send one in their place, whenever their services might be called upon. In order to organize associations, we should go out into the country towns, and if possible get the young men together, adopt resolutions, and select men that will work. When we have associations, the members of which will work with a will to redeem the world.

Mr. Simons—I just want to say a word in regard to our ministers. I am satisfied that there is not a minister in the city of Philadelphia that would not enter heartily into the work of the Young Men's Christian Association. They do not understand our work, and if we can only explain to them what we want them to do, I am sure there is not a minister in this city, who would not do anything we ask them. That is the way to revive these associations. Let the ministers understand that the young men can be made auxiliary to the Church.

The following resolutions in reference to the subject, were offered by Rev. R. W. Clark, of Albany:

Whereas, We have abundant evidence that God's rich blessing has attended the plans and labors of the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States; therefore,

Resolved, That we earnestly request the Christian young men throughout the land to organize Christian Associations in the villages, towns and cities where they do not now exist.

Resolved, That we urge the pastors of our churches to co-operate in the movement.

Resolved, That we request the new associations to report their new organization to the Philadelphia Young Men's Christian Association, and to receive from them documents or other aid to assist them in carrying forward their operations.

A Committee was then appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen—Messrs. Clark, Wanamaker and Simons.

The following was offered by Mr. Wanamaker:

Resolved, That this Committee appoint an Executive Committee, who shall send a committee to every point where an association does not exist, and endeavor to establish one.

A. I. Goodman offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be requested to prepare an address to the various Young Men's Christian Associations in this State, urging them to put forth vigor in their efforts to bring the young men of their respective neighborhoods under Christian influence.

The remainder of the day was spent in interesting discussion of the question as above.

M. P. General Conference—Fifth Day.

The Conference re-assembled yesterday morning at half-past eight o'clock, the President Dr. Scott, in the Chair.

Religious services were conducted by Rev. M. V. B. Evans, after which the minutes of Saturday's session were read and approved.

The report of the Committee on Ministerial Education, presented on Saturday, was then taken up. The report embraced, in addition to a constitution and by-laws for the government of the Board of Education the following resolutions.

Resolved, That the thanks of this General Conference be tendered to the officers and members of the Board of Education for their untiring zeal and Christian devotion in laboring to prepare an efficient and thoroughly educated ministry in the Methodist Protestant Church.

Resolved, That we hereby accept the gift tendered to us of all the assets, management and control of all the interests of said Central Board of Education.

Resolved, That the Board of Education, the control of which is now assumed by this Conference, shall be located at Springfield, Ohio.

The report was accepted and adopted as a whole.

On motion, a committee, consisting of Revs. J. M. Flood, D. D., John Cowl, D. D., and J. H. Hamilton, was appointed to nominate officers of the Board of Education.

The report of the Committee on Union was taken up, and on motion, referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

On motion, the committee to nominate officers of the Board of Education was enlarged by the appointment of Messrs. Wm. Gunckle and Wm. Miller, laymen, as members thereof.

On motion, the report of the committee on the subject of the action of the Pittsburgh Conference respecting the Sixth Street Station, Cincinnati, was taken from the table and adopted unanimously.

Rev. T. Finkbine presented a paper from the North Illinois Annual Conference, advising the opening of a correspondence with the Protestive Methodists of England.

A motion was made and adopted, for the appointment of a Special Committee of three to carry into effect the suggestion contained in the paper read, and Rev. Drs. Reeves and Cowl, and Rev. T. Finkbine were appointed by vote of Conference.

Rev. J. S. Thrapp, from the Committee on Missions, submitted a report, which was laid over.

Dr. Brown and Rev. T. B. Graham, requested Conference to return to them the documents which they placed in the possession of Confe ence in the case of the Sixth street church, Cincinnati. On motion the request was granted.

Conference then adjourned until two o'clock. Prayer by Rev. J. B. Walker.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Save the reading of a few papers, nothing of special import was transacted during the afternoon session.

On motion, the subject of "Church Union," was made the special order for to-day at half-past nine o'clock.

A Lady Killed While Out Riding.

From the Uniontown *Genius of Liberty* we clip the following: Miss Sarah Van Sickle, an estimable young lady, aged about seventeen years, only daughter of Isaac Van Sickle, met with a most distressing and fatal accident on Saturday last. She started from her father's residence, in Wharton township, on horseback, in company with Mr. Hiram Seaton, Jr., to visit some friends in Somerfield. While traveling along on the National road, near the residence of Wm. Sp ou l, her horse, from some unknown cause, became frightened, commenced kicking violently, and threw her from the saddle, her foot sticking in the stirrup. The horse ran along and across the pike, dragging the young lady on the ground, for about 200 yards, then back to where it started, and across the road, where the unfortunate girl came in contact with a fence stake, and became disengaged. During this time Mr. Seaton had made every effort in his power to rescue the lady or catch the horse, but his own horse became frightened and unmanageable and it was out of his power to render assistance. As soon as she was freed from her horse he flew to her relief and calling to his assistance some persons who lived near, the young lady was carried to a house near by and her parents and a physician sent for. Dr. Smith Fuller, who happened to be at the Summit House, on Laurel Hill, hastened to her relief side, but was unable to give relief. The unfortunate young woman lingered in great agony for about three hours when death came to her relief. Her injuries were principally internal, producing severe hemorrhage, and were so great that no human agency could give relief. Her deeply afflicted parents and two of her brothers arrived a few minutes after she breathed her last.

Woman Burned to Death.

An accident of a painful and fatal nature occurred a few days since at the house of Edward Lyon, in Williamsport. A lady of the house had gone to the basement to see to the fire in the furnace, when a young girl, Miss Mary Bussier, aged about fifteen years, followed her to get a scuttle of coal. By some accident, the dress of one or the other caught on a poker which was hanging up, when it fell, striking a glass kerosene lamp, in the hands of Miss Bussier, which broke and poured the contents over the dress of the unfortunate girl, and her clothes were on a fire in a moment. She became wild with fright and ran up the stairs screaming for help. One of ladies was severely burned in her efforts to extinguish the flames, without effect. Mr. Frank Campbell, in passing, heard the screams and, thinking the house on fire, went in, and Judge Packer arriving about the same time, they succeeded in smothering the flames; but the poor girl's clothes were almost wholly burned from her body, and the flesh on her arms and body burned black. She lingered in great agony until Sunday about 1 o'clock, when death put an end to her suffering. Her parents reside near Hughesville.

Held to Bail.—An abused individual named Joseph Dixon, came to the Mayor's Office yesterday, and preferred a charge of assault and battery against Thomas Handrum, who was arrested and held to bail in three hundred dollars, to answer the charge at the next term of the Criminal Court.

Fornication.—Maria Dickerson appeared before Justice Lippert, yesterday, and instituted legal proceedings against Jerome Hershhold for fornication. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused. Both parties reside in Pitt township.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Interviews at the White House—Opinions of Leading Politicians—Patents Issued Last Week, &c.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The morning papers have the following Washington dispatches: The statements made to-day by a number of the leading representative men of both the Republican and Democratic parties, tend to confirm the intimations that have caked out from the recent consultations at the White House, that the President is on the eve of a grand *coup d'etat* that will gratify his friends and bewilder his enemies. It is safe to conclude at the very least that there is an earnest desire on both sides to settle upon a feasible plan of securing harmonious action between Congress and the Executive in the future.

On the same subject the *Tribune* has the following: Mr. Chase's first interview with the President was merely to give the latter some opinions in judicial matters, and the second interview merely a friendly one, and Judge Chase took occasion to advise Mr. Johnson to depart from his present policy, and urge the Southern legislatures to adopt the Constitutional amendment as a final settlement of the present difficulties, and that in case they objected to the second and third clauses of the amendment, to compromise by substituting universal amnesty, and impartial suffrage. Not only has Judge Chase urged this course on the President, but so also have several prominent men of his own party from North and South, C. C. Clay among the latter. Whether these arrangements, if the facts on which they are based, will change the course of the President remains to be seen.

A couple of Democratic Congressmen who lately conversed with Mr. Johnson, state that he has no idea of altering his present policy, and claim that the elections have had no effect except to make him more determined in his old plan. They claim, with what truth is uncertain, that he insists that the people were hoodwinked and deluded, and will soon begin to see their mistake and adopt his views.

Mr. Johnson has not indicated his purpose relative to the amnesty suffrage plan, mentioned in the dispatches on Friday last, though the gentlemen who advocate the proposition represent that the President has given them encouragement to expect that he will adopt their suggestions substantially, if not exactly in the form they advise. Several newspaper correspondents have tried to create doubts of the existence of such a combination of leading men, for the purpose of inducing the President to accept the proposition and advise the Southern people, as set forth in my dispatch. In order to put at rest such doubts, I am enabled to say from personal knowledge that such a combination does exist. A number of the gentlemen co-operating in it have had interviews with Mr. Johnson and they have been laboring in the matter for about a month, visiting and corresponding with influential men North and South.

A *Tribune's* Washington special says: Not the least important mark of the approaching Congress may be looked for from the special committee on retrenchment, appointed toward the close of the last session, will leave to sit and take testimony during the recess. They have been hard at work during a portion of the vacation period.

The number of patents to be issued for the week ending November 17, is one hundred and eighty-nine. This is the smallest number issued in any week for some time.

A ridiculous report has been telegraphed to a New York paper, and reiterated, of the abstraction of theft of a thousand stand of arms from the armory in this city. The absurdity of the statement will be appreciated when the fact is stated that there were no arms in the armory, nor has there been for some time, it being used for the storage of old tents and other military debris belonging to the government.

From Venezuela—Deplorable Condition of Affairs.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The *Herald's* correspondence says: Venezuela is in a most wretched state, and is actually without a government. Before Mr. James W. Nixon, the American Minister, arrived, there was no one to present his credentials to President Falcon. He had never acted as President. He kept away from the capitol, and the person representing him was also absent when Mr. Wilson arrived, but he managed to present his credentials on the 10th instant to the President, who, he said at the time, was sick in bed.

Considerable discussion is going on here just now as to the best means of improving the financial condition of the State. In the meantime business is in a very bad way. We hear of some large failures by which Puerto Sabello suffers heavily. Coffee and cotton are at the bottom of the failures.

Gen. Grant and Gen. Sweeney.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The report that Gen. Grant objected to the reinstatement of Gen. Sweeney is absolutely false. On the contrary, Gen. Grant desired Gen. Sweeney to be promoted to a higher grade than the one he formerly held in the regular army.

Railway Track Removed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The Railway track on Broadway, between Ann and Fulton streets, was removed yesterday by Mayor Hoffman having issued an order to that effect.

MEETING NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD ANNUAL MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Co. for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at their office, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, 3d day of December next, at 10½ o'clock A. M.

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr.,
Secretary and Treasurer.

no14:o3

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
ALLEGHENY, Pa., November 16th, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of

SIX PER CENT.

Out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, Government tax paid.

no16:o3 J. F. KRAMER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 6th, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declar ed a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of expired risks of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to Stockholders on and after the 13th inst.

WM. P. HERBERT,
no7:no13 Secretary.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

PRONOUNCED BY

CONNOISSEURS

TO BE THE

"ONLY GOOD SAUCE"

AND APPLICABLE TO

EVERY VARIETY

OF

DISH.

EXTRACT

of a LETTER from a

MEDICAL GENTLEMAN

at MADRAS, to his

Brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome SAUCE that is made."

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused many unprincipled dealers to apply the name to SPURIOUS COMPOUNDS, the PUBLIC are respectfully CAUTIONED and requested to see that the name of LEA & PERRINS are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE.

Manufactured by LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK. AGENTS FOR THE U. S.

oc16:lSTuTh

MANHOOD:—How Lost! How Restored.—*Just Published, in sealed envelope.* Price, 6 cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions and Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the GREEN BOOK, &c.

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address DR. CULVERWELL & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. au23:3 d&wT

LEATHER BELTING.

CHESSMAN & CLARK, No. 11 OHIO STREET, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City, manufacturers of every description of Patent Stretched, Cemented and Pierced OAK TANNED LATHER BELTING. BELTS made to order and repaired at short notice. Particular attention paid to Belts for Rolling Mills and heavy works. All work warranted. Orders respectfully solicited. ja28

THE CELEBRATED STEEL

TOOTH HAY RAKES, "Prairie Bird" and "Meadow Lark" are manufactured only at the DUQUESNE WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

Hay Forks, spring and Plain Wagons, Wheelbarrows and Trucks of every style, made of the best material, at short notice.

ja12 COLBURNS COLEMAN.

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED have removed the office of the HOPE OIL WORKS from 35 Market street, Pittsburgh, to their Works on CARSON STREET Brownstown, where they can hereafter be found.

Postoffice Address 836, Pittsburgh.

oc24:lw WM. A. WILLIAMS.

MONEY LOAN OFFICE, No. 151 FIFTH STREET, corner of Sixth, Pittsburgh.

Money Loaned on Silver Plates, Guns, Pistols, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothing, and valuable articles of every description.

The goods cannot be delivered without a ticket. Not responsible in case of fire or robbery.

Goods of every description for sale at low est prices. de14:3m5 EMANUEL BROWN.

KNABE & CO.'S GREAT

UNRIVALLED PIANO FORTES.

PRINCE & CO.'S world-renowned AUTOMATIC ORGANS AND MELODEONS. Over Forty Thousand now in use. Splendid new stock just rec'd by CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 Fifth street.

GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., &c. Nos. 72 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh. se1:1y34

J. B. WILLIAMS, G. W. COWAN

WILLIAMS & COWAN,

PLASTIC SLATE CEMENT ROOFERS.

They keep on hand a large supply of Roofing Materials, Slate, Cement, Paints, Roofing Paints and Varnishes. Prompt attention given to the Roofing business. Offices, No. 451 Penn street, and National Hotel Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. se1:1y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it there for life use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

my30:b92

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Smoke Pipes, Locomotive, Tubular and Flue Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Stirring Pans, Roller Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. jel:ly

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Boit Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand, Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:ly63:d&wT

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

BURBARD, RBO & CO., Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description, Mill, Mulay, Cut, Gang, and all other Saws.

Also, Kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS made from Steel of every description. Extra refined REAPER and MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMITHFIELD STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. feb:o53

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of High and Low Pressure Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Retorts, and Sheet Iron Work.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers.

REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL CASES, No. 14 BOND STREET, NEW YORK.—Full information, with the *highest testimonials*, sent free of charge to any address in sealed envelope, sent free. *Be sure and send for them, and you will not regret it*, for, as advertising charlatans are generally shunned, this institution receives no strangers should be trusted. Enclose a stamp for return postage, and direct to DR. LAWRENCE, No. 14 BOND STREET, NEW YORK. no18:o1

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with means of sure relief Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. KILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au24:lt30:d&wT

ALL NAUSEOUS MEDICINES taken without taste or smell, by using DUNDAS, DICK & CO.'S SOFT CAPSULES. The best in use. Sold by Druggists generally. no9:ndl

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Pensions, Bounties, and Arrear of Pay Promptly Collected

No charge made until claims are settled, and then but a moderate fee. my24:b59

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

my24:b75

JOHN A. STRAIN.

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Ex-Officio, Justice of the Peace

AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 112 Fifth St. opposite Cathedral,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my19:81

WILLIAM JANCEY, NOTARY PUBLIC, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, AND REAL ESTATE AGENT. Office, corner of Butler and Dravor streets, Lawrenceville.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, to the Conveyancing, and the preparation and acknowledgment of all kinds of Legal Conveyances.

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Justice of the Peace and Notary Public.

my26:b68

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,

72 Pennsylvania Avenue,

Foot of the Extension and opposite Chatham Street

my22:a96

CHATHAM T. EWING,

Attorney at Law,

No. 69 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Commissioner for Ohio, Kentucky, West Virginia, Missouri and other States. my16:a59

BANKS AND BANKERS.

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N. HOLMES & SONS,

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Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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Deposits received and collections made on all the principal points of the United States on favorable terms.

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my21:k9TT.

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LA PIERRE HOUSE,

Philadelphia.

The subscribers having leased this favorite House it has been REFITTED AND FURNISHED IN AN ELEGANT MANNER, and is now prepared with the most perfect appointments for the reception of guests. The first position among first-class Hotels will be maintained in the future, as in the past.

my25:b59 BAKER & FARLEY.

GRANT HOUSE,

C. M. SEELY, Prop'r,

Corner of Isabella and Federal Streets,

Near the Suspension Bridge,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 58 acres in Union Township, Allegheny county, Pa., situate about four miles from the city on the Washington's Pike. The improvements are a large two-story brick dwelling House with 12 rooms, a two-story Spring House, a Carriage House, a large Lumber Room, a No. 1 Frame Bank Barn, with stabling sufficient for 50 head of cattle. There is a fine Young Orchard, comprising about 12 acres, stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. It is all underlaid with coal. The land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, fences good, and would suit admirably for dairy or gardening purposes.

Also, 17½ acres adjoining the above, with a good Frame House, Carriage House, good Spring House and other out-buildings; with a good Orchard in fine bearing condition. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

Also, 12 acres adjoining the above, unimproved, for sale low. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

The above three pieces of property lie between the Little Saw Mill Run and Steubenville Railroads, and the coal can be reached easily from either road. The coal alone is worth all that is asked for the entire property.

Also, Farm of 173 acres, situate in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., immediately on the line of the Penna. Railroad. The improvements are a two-story Frame House with five rooms and good cellar, a Frame Bank Barr, 40x60 feet, and other out-door dings. There is on the place a good Young Apple Orchard; 120 acres cleared, balance in good timber fencing generally good, well watered; underlaid with coal and limeston; convenient to churches, mills, schools and blacksmith shops, together with the personal property such as stock, implements, grain in the ground, &c. Possession given immediately.

Also, Farm of 53 acres, situated in Chartiers township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 3½ miles from the city, near the line of the Steubenville R. R., and within one-half mile of a station; 30 acres of the best of creek bottom land, and in a high state of cultivation; 23 acres of wood land and pasture. The fencing is generally good. No. 1, and well adapted for gardening. The attention of those wishing to embark in the business will call at once and secure a good bargain, as this is a rare chance.

Also, Farm of 84 acres, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, about one mile from the Borough of Elizabeth. The soil is of the best quality. The improvements are a farm house with 11 rooms, a good barn and other out buildings; fencing good; about 50 acres of coal. Churches, schools and mills very convenient. Possession immediately.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river immediately below Lock No. 3, on which is erected a large two-story brick dwelling, one log and one frame barn, barn, corn crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, work shop, &c.; about 35 acres of the above is first quality river bottom; the balance being limestone land, and underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. There are two orchards of apple trees, in good bearing condition; peach pear, quin trees and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth, creating a market at home for all the products. The property will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms.

Also, A Farm of 96 acres, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., about one mile from Lock No. 3, on Monongahela river. Improvements are one frame house, with five rooms, barn, spring house and other outbuildings. The land is of the best quality. The above will be sold at very low figures.

For further particulars, enquire of

G. H. TOWER,
no7 Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—The beautiful and

SUBSTANTIAL MANSION AND GROUNDS

Owned and occupied by WILLIAM BAGALEY, Esq., situated on Western Avenue in

ALLEGHENY CITY.

The house is a model of architectural beauty, and combines every appliance for comfort and luxury. It is built of Pressed Brick and trimmed with Brown Stone, hall floors laid in encaustic tile, plate glass windows, and in every minute detail in construction throughout complete.

THE GROUNDS

Are ample (nearly four acres) and beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery, Shade Trees and Flowers. All the out-buildings are finished in a style corresponding with the mansion.

Unfortunately, also, the location is unexceptionable, being free from smoke of the cities, and the view from the house extensive.

Full particulars furnished on application to

S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

oc22

FOR SALE—100 Acres of Land in Washington county, Wesley township, Ohio, 80 acres cleared, balance in timber; good house, good barn, water handy, large orchard, school and churches handy, and within 1½ miles of Cutler Station, on the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad. Price $10 per acre.

1 Acre in Banksville, 2 miles back of Temperanceville, on which there are three tenant houses of 2 rooms each, one frame house of four rooms, all in good condition.

130 Acres of Land for $2,000, situate in Sinking Valley, Blair county, Pa., five miles from Altoona by the Sinking Valley Road. The advantages of this property for coal, limestone, and lumbering are well give full particulars.

92 Acres, 50 acres of which is underlaid with coal, situate in North Fayette Township, on the Steubenville Road; improvements, good Frame House, six rooms, good Bank Barn; about 700 Fruit Trees last in their prime, &c.

36 Acres in Union Township, on the Washington Pike, three miles from the city.

37 Acres in Scott Township, six miles out on the old Washington Pike.

15 Acres in Ross Township, three miles east from Allegheny Market.

3 Dwelling Houses in Allegheny City, one in Wilkinsburg, one in Freeport, one at Edgewood Station, on the Central Pennsylvania railroad. Are immediately adjoining this station, a few more ACRE LOTS. Plan can be seen at this office.

Also, Bonds and Mortgages bought and sold.

JOHN CROFT,
no10 Real Estate Agent, 139 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

The following described property will be offered at private sale until SATURDAY, November 10th, 1866:

1ST—FIFTY ACRES OF LAND

At the head of Brunot's Island, in McClure township, will be sold in

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY, November 19, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as reported by Robinson, McClean & Co., were as follows: Gold, 140¾@141; 1881's, 112¾; 5-20's old, 107¾; do '65, 106⅝; 5-20s, new 106⅝; 7-30s, 1st series, 105¼; second and third, 104¾. Michigan Southern R. R., 83¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 86¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 105¾; Erie R. R., 77⅝; Union Telegraph Company, 48¾; Chicago & North Western, 52; Chicago & Rock Island, 106⅝.

—The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House for the week closing on Saturday, November 17th:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
November 12	$423,352 22	$64,289 41
November 13	395,831 34	106,748 30
November 14	318,341 27	69,779 13
November 15	411,337 48	113,984 20
November 16	438,787 09	68,378 75
November 17	312,892 94	50,133 70
Total	$2,300,541 84	$502,993 71

—Assertions are made (save the New York *Tribune*) that Secretary McCulloch has been converted from the specie paying policy and enlisted in the ranks of the expansionists, who also predict the issue of more paper money by Congress. People who rush into debt, or who make no attempt to redeem their liabilities to meet the change in values which is steadily proceeding, must be careful how they trust to these assertions of speculators for a rise. The Secretary has not been converted, but we are assured stands fast by the principals of his last annual report, when he declared that "*Every day that contraction is deferred increases the difficulty of preaching a financial collapse.*" The Secretary has not contracted as fast as was in his power, but he has by no means been idle. He has paid off and funded over $200,000,000 of legal tenders and short debts standing in the way of redemption in eleven months, and has reached a point when, under proper authority by Congress, he can resume specie payments at an early day.

While the Secretary has been steadily getting currency debt out of the way, by payments and by funding, the Importers of Iron have put the $148,000,000 out of the form of currency which they were to a great degree in December, 1865, and made the notes the employers of money converted them from currency into investments. With the present revenue of the Treasury, it is within the power of the Secretary to steadily pay off and retire the $356,000,000 of legal tenders, and the $148,500,000 of compound notes, upon which bank credits now rest, to a degree which will force a contraction in all departments of business—a step called for by all who desire to see the nation changed from speculative to legitimate business pursuits.

—Says the New York *Shipping List* of Saturday: Despite the high tariff the import trade maintains vast proportions, while the export trade is light, prices of the leading staples be above foreign markets. Cotton and Petroleum, however, continue to give the general rule. The exports of the latter this year, are largely in excess of any previous year, notwithstanding the comparatively low rule of prices, and the demand, under an increased production. We present the following figures showing the exports of Petroleum from the United States for the calendar 1st of date, compared with the same period the preceding four years:

1862	galls. 8,900,000	1865	galls. 22,000,000
1863	24,500,000	1866	56,000,000
1864	30,000,000		

These figures indicate an increase in the exports of the current year over 1865 of 155 per cent, over 1864 of 87 per cent, over 1863 of 133 per cent, and over 1862 of 533 per cent. The total export of the article from this port in 1861 was 1,112,476 gallons, against 29,400,000 gallons thus far during the current year. As the supply is generally expected to be unlimitable, there is no reason to believe that the expansion of this trade, in the future, will not be equal to that of the past. At all events, Petroleum must be reckoned among the first articles of American commerce. The material decline in cotton, of late, has led to increased shipments, and these two staples are now our chief reliance for export.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, November 19, 1866.

The produce markets do not open very auspiciously this week, if to-day can be taken as a fair criterion. The unfavorable reports from Chicago have, to use a common phrase, given Flour and Grain a "black-eye," for the present at least, and there is nothing doing in any of the leading commodities worthy of special notice. Buyers are holding off in anticipation of a still further decline, though, as a general thing, holders, as yet, do not seem disposed to make any material concessions in order to effect sales.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and neglected—prime No. 1 Spring is quoted at $2,50. Corn is very dull, and the market is completely glutted with new crop. Oats coming in pretty freely, and dull—sales at 50 to 55c. Small sales of 1 car of prime Spring Barley, to go east, at $1,13. Here, our brewers do no seem willing to pay over $1 to $1,05. Rye is reported firm at $1,25, and but little offering.

FLOUR—Is dull and weak, with a drooping tendency, though, as yet, without quotable change. We continue to quote good to choice brands of Spring Wheat at $12½ to $12½, and Winter Wheat, $13½ to $14. Rye Flour is quoted at $8¾ to $8¾. Small sales of Buckwheat in store at $6 to $6½ per cwt.

APPLES—Very dull, and the market is completely glutted with inferior and common. We quote, for small lots, at $2½ to $3¾, for fair to choice.

POTATOES—Sale of 72 bbls prime Peach Blowsat 62½ per bbl. New Jersey Sweets are quoted at $6 to $6½ per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Is dull—indeed, common packed is almost unsaleable. Prime Roll is quoted at 30 to 31, with a supply in excess of the demand.

CHEESE—Is dull and nominally unchanged—Western Reserve, 16; Hamburg 17; Factory 15 to 19; and Goshen 20.

SORGHUM—Is in fair demand but unchanged; may be quoted at 60 to 70, for prime.

SALT—Is reported steady, with a demand fully up to the supply, but unchanged.

DRIED FRUIT—We can report sales of peaches in a regular way at 19 to 20, for quarters and halves "mixed," and 22 to 23 for halves. No movement in Apples.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is in good demand, and we can report sales at $3 to $3,10. Timothy Seed is quoted dull at $5, in store, and Clover Seed at $9.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, November 19, 1866.

CRUDE—The market for Crude was dull and neglected to-day, the transactions being comparatively light, though, there is no material change to note in prices. Sales of 400, 200, and 100, (good gravity) bbls returned, at 10½; 300 bbls (Horse Creek oil) at 11; and the bbls, same lot, at 16, bbls included; 700 bbls (40 to 44 gr avity) at 10, and 2000—late on Saturday—at 10¾. For ordinary gravities, (say, 40 to 45) quotations may be fairly given at 10 to 10¾, bbls returned, and 15 to 15¾, bbls included, while better gravites, (say 42 to 43) always command a fraction more, as this quality of oil yields much larger percentages of Refined, and our refiners, generally, are willing to pay a little more for it.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil continues dull and weak, and, compared with last week, prices are a shade lower. We now quote at 33 to 33½ for November delivery in Philadelphia; 34 for December; 34 to 34½ for January, and 35 for February. We have but a single sale to record, one thousand barrels, for February, buyer's option, at 35. The above quotations show a decline of from one to one and a half cents per gallon, taking last week's rates as a guide, and the tendency still seems to be downward. Free oil is dull and neglected—small sales of standard brands at 31.

ARRIVALS—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

D. M. Edgerton .....1400 Miller & Edwards.. 800
Jas. Wilkins.....1100 Jas. Wilkins.....500
Jas. Gallagher.....593 R. D. Cochran.....2000
John Bunhall.....3000 W. P. Logan.....570
Gallagher & Son.....600 Haldeman.....500
Nat. Ref. Co.....5000 Fisher & Bro.....3876
Total.....17,236

The Dry Goods Trade.

New York, Nov. 19.—There is considerable irregularity of feeling and opinion in the Dry Goods market. The absence of buyers from the jobbing houses indicates a further decline in goods, while on the contrary the agents accept the steadiness of the cotton market as a more hopeful sign. There is but little decided change in prices from Saturday, although the prices of quotations are nominal and prices tend downward. Should there be a re-action in cotton and gold Dry Goods would quickly feel it, but should both continue downward Dry Goods must follow. The price of Sprague's prints was reduced one cent a yard on Saturday afternoon by both agents and jobbers. The business is, however, not much increased. Print cloths are reported firmer this morning with no sellers at 12 cents for 64 by 64 cloth. Brown and bleached domestics are nominally lower, the heavy decline last week called in but little trade. Denims are very quiet. The market has no working basis on which to give reliable prices. Ginghams, Shirtings, Sheetings—Appleton, 29; Ludlow, 18. Bleached Shirtings—James, 25; Hope, 25; Canoe, 12. Prints—Garner & Co., 19; Pacific, 18; Lunneu, Lowell, 19½. In Woolens there is a steady but moderate demand, as there is also for Linseys and Flannels, but generally there is but little to say beyond what has been reported for the corresponding week. The light importations have much revived the market for foreign goods and caused holders to show more confidence. Should importations continue light as at present, the leading lines of the demand for all kinds of foreign goods must soon become scarce and wanted. The absence of auction sales gives a temporary lull to business today.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Flour dull. Wheat firm; $2,09@2,11 for No. 1 and $1,76@1,81 for No. 2. Corn unsettled and nominal 1c; 80@81½c for No. 1. Oats quiet 36c for No. 2. Oats quiet, at 26 @35½c for No. 1 and 34½@36c for No. 2. Provisions dull. Mess Pork $21. Hogs very dull at 6@6½c for common to good.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, November 19.—Flour dull. Wheat —winter is a shade lower; sales of No. 1 red at $2,08; Amber Michigan $2,78; No. 1 Wabash at $2,08; Amber Ohio at $2,08. Corn 40c lower, opening at 78c, but closing dull at 69½c for No. 1 mixed, 1c lower; sales at 69c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Financial Matters.

NEW YORK, November 19.—Money fairly active, at 5@6 per cent. Sterling dull, at 108¾@109. Gold lower, opening at 141, declining to 140, advancing to 141, and closing at 140¾. Government stocks ⅛@¼ lower. Freights to Liverpool quiet.

The weekly bank statement: Loans, $273,328,390, decrease, $,350,888; specie, $15,511,124, increase, $2,365,753; circulation, $35,125,356, increase, $264,502; deposits, $221,892,900, decrease, $4,432,817; legal tender, $65,120,561, decrease, $5,322,134.

Stocks better, Rock Island, 108¼; Illinois Central, 120⅝; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 87½; Northwestern, 53; Cleveland and Toledo, 114; Fort Wayne, 107¾; Michigan Southern, 84¼; Michigan Canal, 82½; Reading, 115; Hudson, 124; Erie, 79¾; Pacific Mail, 140; Western Union Telegraph, 48¾; 5-20 coupons of '62, 108¼; do of '64, 106¾; do of '65, 106½; do of '65, new issue, 106¼.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Since the first regular board of the Stock Exchange, stocks are nearly all higher, and the term of speculation is decidedly upward. Sales of Erie have been made as high as 79 per cent; Michigan Southern 84, Ft. Wayne 106¾, and North Western 52⅝@52¾. Gold drawers of exchange on per cent. Leading drawers of exchange on London are all asking 109 per cent.

Another case in gold is gradually inducing increased purchases of exchange. As soon as the firmness of the rates, however, were made known in the gold room, the price of gold recovered to 140¾@141¼ per cent. Money lenders are again supplying brokers at 5@6 per cent. as on Saturday. German banking firms are content with 5 per cent. from brokers on high credit. In Bank the rate is almost uniform at 6 per cent.

LATEST.

The Stock market was heavy at the last open Board, but the closing quotations were a shade higher than on the preceding day of the morning. The Money market is easier, and first class firms get accommodated at 5 per cent. on call, but weak parties have to pay 6 per cent. There is much movement in discounts, but rates are firmer. There are very few names that pass under 7 per cent., owing to the continued dullness and depression in the produce and merchandize markets.

Gold was decidedly firmer this afternoon and rallied to 141@141¼ at the close. The Foreign Exchange market is dull and nominal at 108¾@109 for prime banker's bills. The market for the Government securities was unsettled at the close, but without any special change in quotations. The steamer Shares are firm and advancing; Pacific Mail is in demand at 140@140½; Atlantic Mail rose to 110 at the close, owing to the growing belief that the new board would assume control.

The market for Government securities was unsettled this afternoon, but without any special change. The following were the closing prices at 4.30 P. M.: Coupons of '81, 113¾@113; Five-twenty Coupons of '64, 106⅝@106¾; July do, 108¾@108¾; August Seven-thirties, 105¾@106; September do, 105⅝@105¾; June Compounds of '64, 113¾@115¾; July do, 114¾@115¾. The Stock market was heavy and loose at the last open Board, but the closing offers were in favor of the buyers from the expectations of the morning. Western Union Telegraph, 47; New York Central, 108½; Erie, 79½; Reading, 114½; Michigan Southern, 83¾; Pittsburgh, 114; Fort Wayne, 114; Rock Island, 108½; Northwestern, 52¾; do preferred, 73¾; Fort Wayne, 107; Ohio Certificates, 30¾@ 30¾; Canton, 50¾@50¾; Cumberland, 62¾; Quicksilver, 40¾@40¾; Mariposa, 12¾@14; do preferred, 28¾@29.

At the afternoon board Smith & Parmlee declined to 80, but the other mining shares were generally steady, with a moderate business.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The current prices for the week at all the markets are as follows: Best cattle, first quality, per head $16,50@17; fair to good, $14,50@16; common, $10@12; inferior, $9@10. Cows and calves per head, extra, $100@230; first quality, $80@90; ordinary, $70@80; coming fresh, $60@70; inferior, $30@50. Veal calves, first quality per lb., 13½@13c; ordinary, 12@13c; common, 10@12c; inferior, 8@9c. Sheep and lambs, extra per head, $7@8; prime quality, $5,50@6,50; ordinary, $5@5,50; common, $3,75@4,25; inferior, $3,25@3,50. Swine heavy; corn fed per lb., 7¼@8c; light and medium, 6½@7c.

The market for beef cattle ruled firmer and higher prices have been realized on all kinds save common cattle, which are in more limited demand. The increased receipts of the week, though the prospects were that all the stock would be disposed of. The inquiry was chiefly for extra cattle, which, being scarce, sold at 16@17c, while the ordinary qualities sold at 10@12c. Common sold at 10@11c to 12c. The quality of the offerings was very poor. Veal calves still continued steady and firm at 13@13c for choice and 10@12c for common. Receipts moderate.

The market for Sheep and Lambs was quite active and a further upward tendency prevailed in spite of the continued heavy receipts. Good lots of sheep commanded 6@6½ to 7 cents per pound, and lambs at 6@8 cents. The Swine market has ruled very irregular during the past week and lower prices have been accepted, closing at about one-quarter of a cent lower than last week. There was no doing, however, at the conclusion and the market ruled rather more steady. The total receipts of all stocks at all the yards for this week were as follows: Beeves, 3,100; cows, 600; Calves, 1,107; Sheep and Lambs, 20,320; Swine, 19,807.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Cotton opened firmer and closed weak at 35¾@35c for Middling Orleans. Flour very dull and 20@30c lower; $10,25 @10,50 for round hoop common. Extra State, $11,75 for R. H. O., and $10,80@13,75 for Trade Brands, closing heavy. Whisky quiet; State on board 42c. Wheat very dull and 3@5c lower; 22,000 Milwaukee spot $2,22@2,25, remainder on private terms. Rye dull and heavy; State $1,42. Barley dull and declining; $1,15@1,18 for No. 2. Corn a shade better prices for white, and $1,35 for Canada West, free. Corn—receipts 90,483 bushels—dull, heavy and lower; $1,27@ 1,29 for Shipping mixed Western in store and afloat, closing with sellers at $1,27 and buyers at $1,25. Oats dull and lower; 65@66c for Chicago and Milwaukee. Coffee dull and heavy. Sugar dull and steady. Molasses quiet and steady. Petroleum heavy; 22½c for Crude and 35@36c for Refined in Bond. Pork firmer; $22@22,75 regular and cash for New Mess, $23,50 for November for cash and $20@20,50 for Prime; also 2,750 bbls New Mess, seller, November; $21,75 seller, all the year; and $23,12, seller, January. Beef dull at previous prices. Beef Hams steady. Cut Meats dull at 12@13c for Shoulders, and 13¼@15c for Hams. Bacon inactive. Lard dull and lower; 12@13½c, and small sales at 14c for Butter quiet; 26@36c for Ohio, and 35@42c for State, and 50@55c for Orange county tub. Cheese dull at 8@16½c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—Flour dull and lower; superior, $9,50@10,50; spring extra, $10@10,10,25; double extra, $11,25@12. Wheat dull and heavy; good spring $2,12@2,15; prime fall, $2,30@2,35; choice, $2,70@3. Corn unsettled and lower; old mixed and yellow, $1,06@1,07; yellow and white $1,08@1,09; new yellow, 90@95c. Oats dull, at 45@46c for choice. Pork nominal. Bacon quiet; shoulders 15c; clear sides 15½c. Whisky inactive, at $2,33.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, Nov. 19.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and the market tending downward. Corn dull, parties apart; held at $1,06@1,06 and $1. Oats—10,800 bush Ohio, at 52c. Barley and Rye quiet. Peas—3,000 bush, at $1,2a. Pork at $23,50 @25. Lard at 15½@16c. Whisky at $2,36 retail.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 19.—Cotton firm; sales of 1,400 bales; low middling, 31½@32c; middling, 34c; 4,800 bales. Sugar dull; fair, 12@c. Molasses dull; prime, 50c; choice, 75@80c. Sterling Exchange, 54; New York Exchange, ¼@¾ premium. Freights unchanged.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, November 19.—Flour dull; $11,75@ 12,00 for No. 1 spring; $13,50 for red winter; $14,50 for white; $15,50 for double extra. Wheat quiet. Corn scarce and quiet. Barley dull; $1,20@1,21 for Bay Quinte. Rye and Peas quiet.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, November 19.—Flour dull and declined 50@100. Wheat declined 2@3c, with sales at $2,07@2,08 for No. 1, and $1,87 for No. 2 Oats, 45c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. November 19.—72 bbls apples, W J Putnam; 30 do do, W S Meek; 1 car coils, Schlee, Bach & Schoti; 1 do barley, D R Galway; 1 do oats, D Wallace; 127 bbls apples, Bricker & co; 1 car staves, Adams & co; 40 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 2 cars meal, Ihlman, Rahm & co; 1 do corn, Guckenheimer & Bro; 100 bbls flour, Jas Gardiner; 8 bbls rye flour, A Taylor; 10 bbls apples, Campbell & Brown; 1 cars barley, Z Ware and Hugh; 30 bbls pickles, Hamilton & Co; 50 apples, lot sundries, Gerwig & co; 72 do do, L H Voigt & co; 2 cars barley, Spencer & McKay; 1 do rye, Ferson & co; 1 do corn, D N Courtney; 1 do barley, J Gangwich; 10 bbls eggs, 5 do do; 45 do apples, 2 kgs butter, Blair & Woods; 5 bbls onions, 3 do cider, Keil & Ritchart; 6 bbls apples, 4 pkgs onions, H Reaji; 21 sks nuts, L H Voigt & co; 1 do do, Loyd & Black; 1 do do, Painter & son; 1 do do, Hutchinson & Glass; 2 pkgs tobacco, 5 do pipes, H Hageman; 25 bbls oil, S B Floyd; 1 do do, Barbour & Smithson; 1 car oats, J McAlpin; 8 bbls apples, J Dalzell & co; 1 do Duff; 3 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 64 bags oats, 18 do potatoes, Fetzer & Armstrong; 8 bbls apples, W J Steel; 4 do do, Blair & Bro; 21 sacks oats, Blair & Woods; 19 do do, Wm Buchanan; 10 pkgs oatmeal, L J Blanchard; 5 bbls lard oil, J H Parker; 10 do do, J S Dilworth & co; 10 do do, Dickey & co; 4 cars wheat, Liggett & co; 100 bbls flour, M McCullough & co; 200 bgs barley, W J Meek; 2 cars apples, Culp & Shepard; large lot copper, T M Howe; 1 car wheat, Dan Wallace.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R. November 19—7 cars barley, Carson, Darlington & co; 105 sks do, F Shields; 35 do do, Smith & co; 6 bbls apples, Potter, Aiken & Shepard; 30 sks barley, R Smith jr; 11 bbls potatoes, 20 sks barley, 35 do corn, Meanor, Harper & Hood; 3 bbls seed, 8 do dry apples, 8 do eggs, Cook, Bro & co; 9 pkgs butter, 7 do eggs, Connor, Lee & co; 6 pkgs butter, 7 do eggs, Graff & Reiter; 18 sks oats; Mitchell, Stevenson & co; 3 cars wheat, Ammon & Scott; 1 car oats to Knox & Sons; 1 car corn, Hood; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do do W P Beck & 1 car corn, D Wallace; 1 do do staves, C C Smith.

ALLEGHENY STATION, November 19—6 pkgs butter, J M Cooper; 201 sks flaxseed, H Hermann; 1 car oats, H Strong; 1 car barley, M Weeks; 80 sks flaxseed, Ewar & Hamilton; 1 car wheat, Gilmore, Simpson & co; 4 do do, Kennedy & Bro; 100 bbls flour, T Noble; 2 cars corn, R Knox & Sons; 1 car wheat, Kennedy & Lochrop; 1 do do, Stewart & co; 1 do flaxseed, M B Suydam; 3 do barley, Smith & co; 100 barrels flour, Gibson, Crow & co; 100 do do, Coy, Noble & co.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point with eight feet in the channel by the marks last evening. At Oil City, the Allegheny was reported falling yesterday with five feet in the channel at that point. The weather continues cloudy and warm, and towards dark, it looked very much like rain.

The Ida Rees left for Tidioute last evening with an excellent trip, and the Urilda will leave for Oil City this evening.

The Lake Erie has done some slight damage to her tow in getting through "Glass House" on Sunday, and while attempting to land near "Horse Tail" to make repairs, she grounded one of her boats. The Sam Brown sunk two boats in Glass House, belonging to W. H. Brown, and the Reindeer sunk a boat of slack at "Horse Tail." All the rest of the boats, so far as heard from, have got along splendidly, meeting with no misfortunes, and as the river is in good navigable condition, but slight fears are entertained in regard to their safety. All the towboats here got out with the exception, we believe, of two, the Dolphin and another. The A. J. Baker will take a tow from Louisville to New Orleans.

The Sherman cleared for St. Louis yesterday afternoon with an excellent trip, having all the freight she could take, and a large number of passengers. The Argosy is due here from Cincinnati to-night, and will return again on Wednesday. This boat, it should be remembered, is now plying as a regular packet between here and Cincinnati in connection with the Quickstep.

The Bayard left for Parkersburg on time yesterday, and the Lent Liotl is the regular packet for that point to-day.

The Luella, from St. Louis, is among the next boats due here—having left Cincinnati on Thursday last. The Leonora and New State were advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

The new and commodious Glendale, Capt. J. H. Hare, with Capt. James Mellon in the office, is now in port from St. Louis, and passengers and shippers should bear this fact in mind.

The Silver Lake No. 3, Capt. Todd, is filling up steadily for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will take her departure this evening without fail. The R. C. Gray, Capt. Anderson, is next in turn after the Silver Lake.

The Armenia, Capt. A. C. McCallum, is announced to leave to-day for New Orleans, and shippers should hurry down their southern freight to-day, as it will be some time before there is another boat ready to leave for that place, and passengers should also bear this fact in mind.

The Glasgow, Capt. Geo. W. Johnston, is the "Express" packet for St. Louis, leaving on Thursday next, and the Camella, Capt. Lytle, is filling up steadily for Nashville, and will soon be ready to leave for that port.

The Leonora and New State left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday, and the Kate Putnam, en route from Pittsburgh to St. Louis, arrived there the same day. The following from the Sunday *Commercial*:

The Nicholas Longworth, having withdrawn from the Louisville trade, will leave for Louisville on Wednesday. The steamer Lytle will commence her regular trips to Louisville, in the mail line in a few days. The C. T. Dumont takes the place of Longworth in the mail line to Louisville until the Lytle is ready.

The New State, for Pittsburgh, receives 150 tons of metal at Portsmouth.....Miner of Ella reports having received a dispatch from Nashville, stating that there was forty inches and rising in the Cumberland.....Captain David Hiner, U. S. N., is in the city spending a few days with his old friends. The Captain is stationed at the Mound City Navy Yard.....Col. J. N. Nacomb, U. S Engineers, in charge of the Western River Improvements, will locate an office in this city. Major Howell is associated with Col. Nacomb.

Says the Louisville *Courier* of Saturday: The towboat A. J. Baker came in from New Orleans yesterday, with six barges in tow. The Dick Fulton, Stella and Bengal Tiger were due from below last night.

Says the St. Louis *Republican*: The Northern Line of steamers, owing to the want of want of business and water, concluded to suspend operations for the season. The boats will be laid up for the last as they arrive from above. Alton slough has been selected as winter quarters, and the steamers Hawkeye State and Minnesota will proceed there to-day. The towboats Bill Henderson and Detroit have been sent to Carondelet for repairs, and will, when repaired, take the wharfboat in tow, and also go to the slough.

The steamer Sunbeam, on her recent down trip, lost a boat of coal, at Hurricane Island.

The steamship Great Republic, which was launched at New York on Thursday, is to be the largest American vessel ever built. Her dimensions are as follows: Extreme length, three hundred and eighty feet; breadth of beam, fifty feet; depth, thirty-one feet six inches. Her Custom House measurement is four thousand six hundred tons, and her carpenter's measurement about five thousand three hundred tons. She is planked over her rabbets with Maryland pine, strengthened with bands on the outside, as well as on the inside, with bands five inches wide. She is also doubly planked over the straps outside and is the strongest as well as the largest wooden wooden vessel afloat. She is to have an upright beam engine, with a cylinder one hundred and five inches diameter, and twelve feet stroke of piston. Her wheels are forty feet in diameter.

The Louisville *Democrat* is responsible for the following:

A newly married couple went to see a launch at Newport the other day. While looking on, a staging gave way and the ground was precipitated into the water. He was soon fished out, but, while in the river, lost his wig. When brought ashore, the wife refused to recognize him, and called loudly to the crowd to save her husband, pointing frantically to the bunch of hair floating down the tide.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The fine steamer SILVER LAKE No. 3, Capt. Todd, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The fine steamer GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN H. HARE, Jas. Mellon, Clerk, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. COLLINGWOOD, } Agents.
JAMES COLLINS, }
JNO. FLACK, }

FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO, ST. LOUIS AND KEOKUK.
The splendid passenger steamer GLASGOW.....Capt. G. W. JOHNSON, will positively leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THURSDAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
no19 CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

PEOPLE'S LINE.—REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET between PITTSBURGH AND CINCINNATI.—The new and splendid steamer ARGOSY, Capt. Louis Vandegrift; W. H. Scott, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh every SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M. Leaves Cincinnati EVERY FRIDAY, at 10 o'clock.
For freight or passage apply on board.
no5tf

FOR CAIRO, MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The fine passenger steamer ARMENIA.....Capt. A. C. M'CALLUM, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR EVANSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer CAMELLA.....Capt. LYTLE, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI.—The splendid side-wheel steamer QUICKSTEP.....Capt. S. RABE, Jr. J. W. Finch, Clerk, will run as a REGULAR PACKET, as announced above, leaving on SATURDAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
no16 JAMES COLLINS, Agents.

WHEELING, MARIETTA & PARKERSBURG PACKET.—The new and elegant passenger steamer BAYARD.....Capt. GEORGE MOORE,
Leaves Pittsburgh
MONDAY AND THURSDAY.....at 11 o'clock A. M
Leaves Parkersburg
TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.....at 2 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board. se15tf

SALE OF CONDEMNED ORDINANCE AND MERCHANDISE STORES.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at PORT MUNROE ARSENAL, Old Point Comfort, Va., on TUESDAY, the 25th day of November, 1866, at 12 o'clock A. M., a large quantity of Stores, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:
26 Field and Siege Cannon, cast iron, of various calibres;
51,679 Shot, Shells and Spherical Case, for smooth bore and rifled guns;
70 Merrill's carbines, new and repaired;
850 Enfield Rifled Muskets, cal. 577;
26 Sharp's and Hopkin's Kegular Rifles;
500 Foreign Rifles, "Austrian," cal. 54;
900 Smooth Bore Muskets, mod. 1842, cal. 69;
200 do do do altered to percussion cal. 69;
68 Smooth Bore Muskets, flint lock, cal. 69;
217 Artillery, "Wesley's and Hemlington's" navy, cal. 36;
146 Cavalry and Artillery Sabres;
211 Swords, Musi lans and non-commissioned officers.
Fourteen days will be allowed for the removal of stores.
TERMS OF SALE—CASH.
T. G. BAYLOR,
Capt. of Ord. and Bvt. Col. U. S. A. Com'g.
no9 td

DALZELL, CLOSE & CO.,

Practical Furniture Manufacturers,

COR. PENN AND WAYNE STREETS

Latest styles of FURNITURE constantly on hand

NECESSARIES FOR THE WINTER.—For a good COOKING STOVE and other Kitchen Utensils, go to No. 146 Grant street.
Plain and Fancy COAL SCUTTLES, FIRE SHOVELS, Plain and Fancy; Utensils for Cooking Oysters and other fancy dishes; Fenders, Stove Pipe, Water Conductors, and all other articles, call at P. C. DUFFY'S, No. 146 Grant street. All cheap! cheap! cheap!
oc16

CHEESE.

250 boxes Goshen, Factory and Hamburg for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

BROOMS.

100 dozen for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

LARD OIL.

75 bbls. Extra Refined and warranted Winter Strained, for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

HOMINY.

100 bbls. new prime White Flint for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

NEW LARD.

A lot of kettle rendered choice Lard, in tierces to arrive for sale by
CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SCHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, Nos. 172 and 174 Wood Street, near Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:1m50

BREWER, BURKE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AGENTS FOR THE Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works,

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville.
Office and Warehouse, Corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:3m

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RITCHART.
KEIL & RITCHART, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c. 349 LIBERTY STREET, my24:1m57 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM C. LEE, Successor to ALEX. GORDON, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT. No. 102 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Agent for the "Cumberland" Lead Pipes, and Sheet Lead Works. Dealer in PIG and BAR LEAD, SHOT, HEMP, FIRE CLAY, &c. Consignments solicited and Orders promptly filled. my31:1m84

P. OWENS.....J. KENNEDY.....W. HARER.
OWENS, KENNEDY & HARPER, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, SALT, FISH, CHEESE, BUTTER, POTATOES, &c., and in Provisions and Produce generally, No. 76 FEDERAL STREET, opposite the Railroad Depot, ALLEGHENY, Pa.
Agents for the sale of P. Y. Hite's, Donnell & Kilman's and J. Karn's Salt. ap14:1yd

J. S. NEWMYER & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed and Produce. Cash advances made on consignments. Grain Warehouse, No. 396 PENN STREET, opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy9:65

DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, IRON ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY &c., Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oct1

ALEX. M'BANE.....S. ANDERSON.
M'BANE & ANDERSON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE, Penn street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh. ap15:1y

THOS. POTTER.....JOHN AIKEN.....S. A. SHEPPARD.
POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Flour, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes and produce generally. No. 84 LIBERTY STREET, opposite Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.

WM. P. BRYCE.....THOS. MITCHELL.
BRYCE & CO., No. 85 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and dealers in Country Produce, Provisions, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Fish, &c., and Produce, Flour, Grain, Seeds, Green and Dried Fruits, &c., Salt and Lime. jy18

W. CULP.....OLIN SHEPARD.
CULP & SHEPARD, Commission Merchants and dealers in Flour, Grain and Produce generally, and Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
Have on hand a large stock of Flour for Bakers and Family use constantly on hand. Particular attention paid to filling orders for Merchandize generally. jy19

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon Oil, Nos. 75 and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Yarns and all Pittsburgh manufactures generally in and its second street, Pittsburgh.

P. REYMER.....S. REYMER.....W. D. ESTERLY.
REYMER & SONS, (P. Reymer & Sons, and Reymer & Anderson,) Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruits, Nuts and Spices, Confectionery, Sugars, Syrups, &c., Nos. 12 and 14 Wood Street, above Fifth Pittsburgh. my22:1y

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX.
R. KNOX & SON, Commission MERCHANTS and Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE generally, No. 78 Diamond, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. jal7:1yM

JOHN B. CAMFIELD, Commission and Forwarding Merchant and wholesale dealer in Western Produce, Nos. 18 and 20 Front street, Pittsburgh. Bacon, Flour,